



# Hongkong Daily Press.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

報 西

ESTABLISHED 1857

刺 孟

15-19 Marina House, Queen's Road Central,  
G.P.O. Box No. 1

No. 808 號

第

HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 26, 1941.

日 月 五 年 五 月 日 陸

Price Single Copy: 10 cents  
Per Month: \$3.00

## BITTER BATTLE CONTINUES ROUND MALEMI: BRITISH PLANES AGAIN OVER CRETE

### Moral Effect On Defenders Is Considerable

BITTER FIGHTING CONTINUES ROUND MALEMI, IN CRETE, WHERE THE AERODROME IS STILL IN THE HANDS OF THE GERMANS.

British fighter planes have reappeared in the air over Crete. This distinct new feature was reported in Cairo on Saturday, states a Reuter message.

British long-range fighters are finding easy targets in the Junkers-52 troop-carriers. Some of the German troop-carriers have been landing on small beaches, where dispersal of the troops they carry and going off again of the planes are almost impossible, and they have been machine-gunned by British fighters.

### Mr. Menzies Advocates National Government

SYDNEY, May 25 (Reuter)—MR. R. G. MENZIES, the Australian Prime Minister, passionately advocated the National Government.

Broadcasting immediately on his arrival he said: "I return with just one sick feeling in my heart—that I must come back to my own country to play politics. I think this is a diabolical thing, however friendly and cleanly the game may be played at a time like the present."

Mr. Menzies added that Australia must do as much as Britain towards winning the war. "My effort must surpass anything I have done yet."

#### RETENTION OF OFFICE

ADELAIDE, May 25 (Reuter)—Mr. Menzies' retention of office is assured by the result of the Federal bye-election at Boothby where the Government candidate, Mr. Price, was returned by a majority of several thousands.

The vote is interpreted as an endorsement of the Government's war effort and also of the people's desire for a National Government.

#### SOLID VINDICATION

SYDNEY, May 25 (Reuter)—Mr. A. W. Fadden, commenting on the Boothby bye-election, said: "The result is a solid vindication of the Government's war policy and emphasises the demand for a National Government which I regard as the main issue upon which the campaign is fought."

#### RAID ON SUEZ CANAL AREA

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—The Suez Canal area was raided by enemy planes yesterday, but although a few bombs were dropped, no damage was caused and there were no casualties, according to a communiqué issued in Cairo today.

### Matsuoka Warns

CHUNGKING, May 25 (Reuter)—During a recent interview between MR. MATSUOKA, the Japanese Foreign Minister, and MR. JOSEPH GREW, American Ambassador, the former warned the United States against participating in the European war which would force Japan to fulfil her obligations under the Tripartite Pact, according to information reaching Chungking.

There is also a report that Russia has agreed to allow Germany to develop resources in the Ukraine.

### USEFUL LESSONS LEARNED AT CRETE

Commenting on the desperate struggle being fought in Crete, MR. E. A. MONTAGUE in a B.B.C. broadcast last night, said that its occupation would be of strategical importance to the Germans.

It was an experiment in invasion from which attackers and defenders must learn useful lessons. It was one more stage in the unsettled arguments between "sea power and air power."

The first lesson was at Dunkirk and the British Navy won. The second test was in Crete now and the result was being watched with great interest at Home by the man-in-the-street.

#### LARGE ORDERS FOR ENGINEERING STORES

SIMLA, May 25 (Reuter)—Many large orders for engineering stores of all descriptions have been received by the supply department for the Eastern Group Countries and India.

Between the other orders received in the last fortnight are those for textiles for Singapore, South Africa and India.

With a view to further expanding the output of military garments in India, one more new clothing factory has been opened while the establishment of a further two clothing factories is under contemplation.

THE MORAL EFFECT ON THE DEFENDERS OF CRETE OF THE REAPPEARANCE IN THE SKY OF BRITISH FIGHTERS HAS ALSO BEEN CONSIDERABLE.

The unofficial impression in Cairo is that the situation shows improvement since it was only the arrival of further reinforcements that has enabled the Germans so far to hold Malemi while on the other hand the recapture of Heraklion and Retimo should release Allied troops for the operations against Malemi.

An R.A.F. communiqué says: "In Crete extensive damage was caused to enemy aircraft and troops at Malemi by aircraft of the R.A.F. yesterday when our bombers attacked a large number of Junkers

Cont'd Page 7, Col. 7

### COAL WORKERS TO BE BROUGHT UNDER GOVT. CONTROL ORDER

In a B.B.C. broadcast from London last night, MR. E. A. MONTAGUE said that the chief news at Home last week was the granting of power to the Government to make an essential working order for the coal-mining industry.

This order guaranteed for the worker a minimum wage which was considerably better than before. It limits the power of the employer to dismiss men and provides penalties to be imposed on a man for being late or absent. A man has to work when there is work to be done. The State collects the money from employers and distributes it to the men.

Building and civil engineering will be brought under this order. But why should builders be regulated? asked Mr. Montague.

The answer was threefold. Firstly, the need to build barracks and military huts against invasion; secondly, the need to repair air raid damage; thirdly, many of the men had become expert A.R.P. workers and had shown magnificent courage in their work in this respect.

The enemy was making propaganda out of this and telling the world that Britain was going Communistic. In Germany itself there was even stricter control. The reason for control in Britain was that it was essential in war-time. It would outlive the war and we would not withdraw the advantages given.

"Anyone who knows of the strength and tenacity of British labour knows that these improvements will not be lost after the war," concluded Mr. Montague.

### -On Other Pages

- Page: 2 Saturday's lawn bowls; Summer series yachting; Empire Day service; Valley training times.
- 3 Radio programmes; Coming events; Crossword puzzle.
- 4 Allied troops recapture strategic points in Crete; Premier outlines duties in event of invasion; Attempt to assassinate King Victor; Japan warns U.S. against participation in the war.
- 5 University degrees and examination results; Another racket; Rice monopoly control board; Funeral.
- 6 Leading article: All Eyes On the United States.
- 7 Round the Police Courts; Weddings.
- 9-10 Finance and commerce.

### Britain Should Extend Full Rigours Of Blockade To All Vichy Territories

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—As between Britain and the Vichy Government, clearly things cannot remain much longer where they are, writes the SUNDAY TIMES, which says that three courses seem to call for adoption by Britain without delay.

1. The military occupation of Syria.
2. We should extend full rigours of the blockade to all territories under Vichy's control.
3. We ought to bomb chief factories engaged in making German war material which needs to be done carefully so as to limit French civilian casualties.

No pains should be spared to keep before the eyes of the French people the fact that we are fighting for their nation's liberty as well as our own.

The Sunday Times diplomatic correspondent says the situation in Syria has reached the stage where urgent action on our part becomes necessary if the Germans, with the help of the Vichy authorities, are to be prevented from using the country as a base for operations not only against British forces in Iraq, but also against Palestine, the Suez Canal and Cyprus.

There is also a report that Russia has agreed to allow Germany to develop resources in the Ukraine.

### MOVEMENTS OF ALIENS

#### THAI RETALIATION TO RESTRICTIONS

BANGKOK, May 25 (Reuter)—A Thai Government Gazette Extraordinary publishes what is interpreted as a retaliation against the restriction of movements of aliens in defence areas in Penang where there is a large Thai population.

The Royal Emergency Decree authorises the Government to forbid aliens to stay in any part of the country as deemed an expedient time with the view to "safeguard the peace, discipline and solidarity" of the Kingdom.

The first order hereunder says that aliens are not allowed to stay in two important military districts, Lopburi Prachinburi and the naval base district of Sattahip.

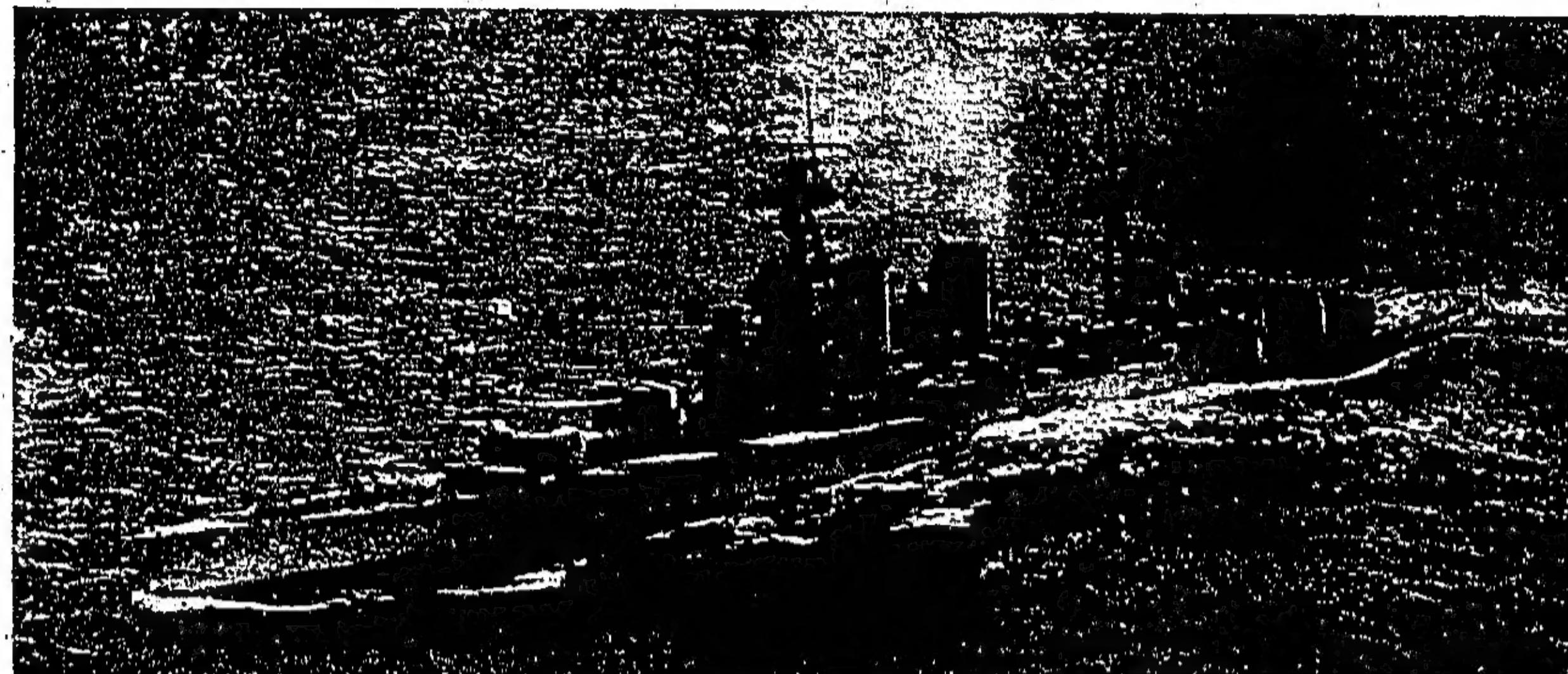
Aliens already there must quit within 90 days but exemptions are grantable.

#### TURCO-GERMAN TRADE TALKS

ANKARA, May 25 (Reuter)—Germany is trying to arrange a £45,000,000 (Turkish) deal with the Turks. It is believed in business circles here.

The long talk made by Herr von Papen to the Foreign Office yesterday when our bombers attacked a large number of Junkers

### World's Largest Warship Lost



H.M.S. HOOD, with a displacement of 42,000 tons, is the world's largest warship. She is a battle cruiser and not a battleship. Despite her size and her heavy main armament (eight 15-inch guns), she is a fast ship and can travel at a speed of 32 knots. (From "Britain's Fighting Forces").

### Demand For Revision Of The Neutrality Act: Freedom Of Seas Policy

WASHINGTON, May 25 (Reuter)—As President Roosevelt prepares to spend most of his week-end polishing up his fireside chat, the demand in some sections of Congress and in the Press for a revision of the Neutrality Act goes into high gear and indicates what many wish to hear when the President goes on the air on Tuesday.

The consensus of opinion in informed circles here still is that he will most likely concentrate on the necessity of revision of the Monroe Doctrine to include the entire Atlantic and a return to the freedom of the seas policy.

This latter naturally would involve a modification of the neutrality law which prohibits American ships entering the combat zones.

The position which many thinking Americans find themselves in can scarcely be better put than by the NEW YORK TIMES this morning, which, in an editorial on the rising demand for neutrality law revision, says that the framers of the original law thought the United States could be safeguarded against the dangers in the new world war by the simple expedient of giving notice in advance, that in the event of trouble, the United States would surrender voluntarily her historic rights on the high seas.

It is noteworthy here that even those isolationists who were most bitter in fighting against entry into war, state quite freely that if America does get in, they will rally loyally behind the President.

They believe America should stay out, but once she is in, they would give the war effort their wholehearted support.

#### PRES. ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH TOMORROW

WASHINGTON, May 25 (Reuter)—President Roosevelt's Tuesday night address will be "not pleasing to opponents of Democracy either at Home or abroad," said the President's secretary, Mr. Stephen Early, when reporters inquired what President Roosevelt would say.

### H.M.S. HOOD BLOWN UP

#### UNLUCKY HIT IN MAGAZINE

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—An Admiralty communiqué giving details of the destruction of the British battle cruiser, H.M.S. HOOD, states: "British naval forces intercepted early yesterday morning off the coast of Greenland" German naval forces, including the battle ship Bismarck (35,000 tons).

"The enemy were attacked and during the ensuing action H.M.S. HOOD (Capt. R. Kerr, flying the flag of Vice-Admiral L. E. Holland, C.B.) received an unlucky hit in the magazine and blew up.

"The Bismarck received damage and pursued of the enemy continues. It is feared that there are few survivors from the Hood."

#### COMPLETED IN 1920

H.M.S. HOOD was laid down in the last war and completed in 1920. She had 8 15-in. guns, 10 5.5-in., 8 4-in. H.A. and 6 tubes (one aircraft).

She was recommissioned at Portsmouth on Sept. 8, 1936. Her speed was 31 knots.

In 1923, the Hood headed a British naval squadron which visited the East but the furthest point they reached was Ceylon as the Hood could not enter the harbour at Colombo.

The squadron berthed at Trincomalee, the world's finest natural harbour.

The Hood had undergone extensive improvements which involved some alteration to the secondary armaments.

The Hood has a normal complement of 1,340.

The Bismarck made her first appearance in Nov. last year.

#### Cont'd Page 7, Col. 3

### Japanese Casualties In South Shansi Fighting Nearing 40,000

LOYANG, May 25 (Central)—As a result of sanguinary fighting during the past two weeks in the Chungtiao Mountain Range in southern Shansi, the Japanese have sustained enormous losses conservatively estimated at 40,000.

In their present so-called "mopping-up" offensive, the 14th of its kind, the Japanese have mobilized a huge force of some 130,000 strong, supported by air squadrons and heavy artillery with gas shells. Launched on May 7, the offensive encountered strong Chinese opposition in its initial stages, and severe fighting has been raging since.

Penetrating recklessly into the rugged valleys of the Chungtiao Mountain, the Japanese are facing the danger of being enveloped in a large-scale encirclement movement which the Chinese are now carrying out.

Meanwhile, the Chinese in East and West Shansi are vigorously counter-attacking in order to prevent the Japanese from reinforcing their units beleaguered in the Chungtiao Mountain.

### Today's News Summary

LATEST NEWS FROM CRETE is that bitter fighting is continuing round Malemi. The Germans are still in occupation of the aerodrome. British fighter planes have reappeared again in the air over Crete. Several Nazi troop-carriers have been destroyed.

IT IS POSSIBLE THAT President Roosevelt, in his broadcast speech to the nation tomorrow, will dwell on revision of the Neutrality Act and the Monroe Doctrine to include the whole of the Atlantic.

H.M.S. HOOD, 42,000-TON battle cruiser, has been sunk in an action with German naval units. The Bismarck, Germany's largest battleship, is reported to have been damaged. The Hood was completed in 1920, while the Bismarck made its first appearance in November last year.

A SUNDAY NEWSPAPER in London suggests that the full rigours of the British blockade should be extended to all territories under Vichy control.

THE RETURN OF MR. Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, to Japan is said, according to a Chinkiang paper, to indicate to a worsening of Anglo-Japanese relations.

## ADVERTISEMENTS

## THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

**COLONY HOCKEY PLAYERS "DOWN UNDER"**

Misses McCaw, Shand Playing For The "Y"

The SIXTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held, weather permitting, on SATURDAY, 31st May, and MONDAY, 2nd June, 1941, commencing at 2.00 p.m. on Saturday and at 11.30 a.m. on Monday.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. on the first day and at 11.00 a.m. on the second day.

The Tiffin Interval will be after the fourth race on the second day.

## MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

No One without a badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure. Such must be worn throughout the duration of each Meeting in such a manner as to be readily identified.

Badges admitting Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$5.00 per day for Gentlemen and \$3.00 per day for Ladies (both including tax) are obtainable through the SECRETARY upon the personal or written application of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all Chits, etc.

The Secretary's Office, 1st floor, Exchange Building (Tel. 27794) will close at 11.45 a.m. on Saturday, and at 9.45 a.m. on Monday.

Tiffins are obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Telephone 21920).

No children or amahs will be admitted to either Enclosure.

## PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of Admission to the Public Enclosure is \$1.00 per day including Tax, for all Persons, including Ladies, and is payable at the Gate. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform are admitted Half Price.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,

Secretary,

Hong Kong, 26th May, 1941.

270

## Saturday's Lawn Bowls

## RECREIO BEATEN BY H.K.F.C.

The rain on Saturday afternoon failed to send every lawn bowler who turned out back into the pavilion, and no fewer than three games were completed despite the heavy downpour about 3 o'clock.

Hongkong Football Club beat Recreio in Second Division, and in Third Division, Kowloon Bowling Club beat I.R.C. and Hongkong Electric Recreation Club beat H.K.F.C.

## SECOND DIVISION

## RECREIO LOSE

At the Valley, Hongkong Football Club beat Club de Recreio thanks to W. Macfarlane's rink, winning on aggregate after losing on two rinks (3 pts. to 2).

H.K.F.C.—J. S. Howell, G. S. Stephens, J. A. R. Selby, W. Gill (Skip) 15; A. Watson, J. H. Gelling, C. F. Needham, W. Macfarlane (Skip) 33; R. P. Shaw, J. M. Thomson, H. V. Pearse, A. Brooks-Brown (Skip) 13. Total 61.

Recreio—H. L. Barros, H. M. Xavier, C. M. S. Alves, O. P. Remadios (Skip) 17; A. J. Osmund, A. V. Barros, F. Xavier, J. R. Soares (Skip) 8; L. A. Rosario one short, C. C. Pereira, J. A. Remedios (Skip) 16. Total 41.

\*25 per cent. reduction.

## THIRD DIVISION

At Ming Yuen, Hongkong Electric Recreation Club beat Kowloon Football Club by 2 rinks to 1 and on aggregate (4 pts. to 1).

H.K.E.R.C.—J. R. Way, W. Stonehouse, A. F. Paul, J. K. Sloan (Skip) 25; W. Macfarlane, E. L. Groome, J. F. Barron, L. de Rome (Skip) 11; W. Stoker, C. E. Gahan, R. C. Butler, J. F. Lunny (Skip) 38. Total 74.

H.K.F.C.—C. Carr, S. Strange, C. B. Robertson, G. S. Graver (Skip) 15; C. Casey, K. Forrow, A. G. Grattan, B. A. Mansell (Skip) 29; A. Bailey, J. Ralston, B. I. Bliford, J. Russell (Skip) 8. Total 49.

## I.R.C. BEATEN

At Sookpoo Kowloon Bowling Green Club beat Indian Recreation Club by 2 rinks to 1 and on aggregate (4 pts. to 1).

I.R.C.—M. B. Haasan, J. M. A. Rumjahn, A. G. Sufflad, A. O. Madar (Skip) 14; B. el Arculli, A. S. Sufflad, A. H. Madar, A. M. Wahab (Skip) 21; M. Hassan, M. U. A. Razack, U. A. Rumjahn, S. M. Rumjahn (Skip) 16. Total 51.

K.B.G.C.—P. Peckham, G. Elphick, L. Jordan, K. C. Hamilton (Skip) 18; J. S. Dinnen, S. O. Else, W. MacNeil, E. A. Aitken (Skip) 18; A. Morton, Sir A. MacGregor, E. V. Seale, H. Nish (Skip) 19. Total 53.

## SPORTS &amp; GENERAL

## VALLEY TRAINING TIMES

The following times were clocked during the training gallops held at Happy Valley on Saturday morning:

	Dis-	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	Last
	Distan-	Qr.	Qr.	Qr.	Qr.	Qr.	Qr.
First Love	1	30.2	1.00.2	1.29	1.56.2		27.2
Distant View	3	29.3	1.59.4	1.27			27.1
Surprise Again & Dash-							
ing Beauty	1	34.3	1.06.2	1.36.2	2.03.2		27
Income Tax	1	39.3	1.17	1.50.3	2.22		31.2
Tropical Love	1	28.1	57.2	1.27.3	1.58		30.3
Prairie View	1	31.2	1.02.1	1.32.3	2.00.2		27.4
Catterpillar Bridge	1	34	1.05.2	1.36.1	2.07.1		31
Eve of Reason	1	32.3	1.03.4	1.37	2.08.3		31.3
Sydney Diamond & Sun-							
spot	1	34.2	1.07	1.36.4	2.07		30.1
Willow	3	35	1.04	1.33.4			29.4
Sam's Choice	4	37	1.11	1.42.3			31.3
Starlight View & Mount-							
ain View	1	32.2	1.04.4	1.33	2.02.1		29.1
Johnnie & Bugle	2	31.2	1.04.2	1.34.1			29.4
Derby Day	3	31.3	1.00	1.27.4			27.4
War Tax	4	35	1.06	1.35			29
Dignatas	1	37.2	1.11	1.43.1	2.14		30.4
King's Worthy	2	35.2	1.10.2	1.43.2			33
Riverside	1	33	1.03	1.34	2.01.3		27.3
Gay Star	1	36.3	1.09	1.39.2	2.10		30.3
Baffin Bay	1	37	1.10	1.40	2.18.2		32
Iron Belle	1	33	1.14.3	1.48.2	2.20.2		30.3
Annieber	1	32	1.05	1.37.3	2.08		28.1
Googly	1	40	1.13	1.43.3	2.11.4		32.3
Advancing Time	1	32	1.04	1.35	2.07.3		29.3
Racylight	2	34	1.05.4	1.35.2			28.1
Schmetterling	1	31	.59	1.27.2	1.55.3		28.1
Wayworth	1	37	1.10	1.43	2.14.4		31.4
Sunlight View	1	37.3	1.14	1.46	2.16.4		30.4
Cheerful Star	4	30.3	1.02.3	1.30.1			27.3
Twinkling Star	1	35	1.06.3	1.35.2	2.04		28.3
Hughber	1	36.2	1.08.2	1.38.2	2.11		31.3
Daylight	1	35	1.08.2	1.42	2.11		29
Eve of Heaven	1	43.3	1.20.4	1.53.3	2.24		30.2
The Koala Bear	4	30	.59	1.27			27.3
Avon	1	34.2	1.07.3	1.38	2.08.1		30.1
Amber II & Joan	1	35.2	1.06.4	1.36.1	2.04		27.4
Jober	1	37	1.12	1.47	2.17		30
Confusion Bay	1	33.3	1.04.4	1.34	2.02.2		28.2
Lancashire Chips	1	34.3	1.04.3	1.35	2.03.4		28.4
Tobaccoship	4	41	1.11	1.40.4			29.4
Rose Emily	1	35	1.07.4	1.38.4	2.08.3		28.2
Celtic Star	1	42.2	1.20	1.53.1	2.26		32.4
A Surprising Time	1	32	1.00.2	1.29	1.57.2		28.2
Graceful View	3	30.1	.59	1.24			27.3
Blue Field	2	33	1.05.1	1.37			31.4
Archer	1	36.3	1.11	1.43	2.12.2		29.2
Manhattan	14	37.3	1.09.4	1.40	2.10.2	2.39.4	29.2
Rising Star & Maple Star	1	32.4	1.03	1.31.3	2.02		30.2
Lovely Star	4	43	1.17	1.46.3			29.3
Princess Adelaide &							
Happy Returns	1	37	1.10.3	1.41.3	2.10.2		28.4
A Rosy Time	2	31	1.01.1	1.29			27.4
Mainsail & Gleaming	1	36.2	1.08.1	1.38.2	2.06.2		28
Criffel	3	31	1.00.4	1.28.2			27.3
National Courage	1	31.3	1.01.2	1.29.4	1.57.4		28
National Endurance	2	32.1	1.00	1.31.3			31.3
Angel of Glory	1	37.3	1.08	1.37.2	2.07.2		30
Boat Bay West Lake &							
Guinness Time	1	42	1.21.2	1.56	2.28.2		32.2
Just In Time	2	33	1.04.4	1.36.3			31.4
Ophir	1	37	1.12	1.48.2	2.16.1		29.4
Double Dutch & May	1	39	1.14	1.42.4	2.11.4		29
Gay Fox	1	33.3	1.02	1.31.3	1.59.4		28.1
King's Flight	1	44	1.19.3	1.49.2	2.17.2		28
King's Welcome	1	34.2	1.07.1	1.37.1	2.05		27.4
National Victory	2	38.4	1.15	1.45.1			30.1
Jus Gentium	1	34.2	1.06	1.35	2.03.2		28.2
Man-O'-War	2	35	1.05	1.34			29
Hornpipe	1	33.3	1				

# QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 TEL 31453 • AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 TEL 56856

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •  
Such Fun! Such Romance! It's Fast!

## THIRD FINGER, LEFT HAND



Raymond WALBURN • Lee BOWMAN  
Bonita GRANVILLE • Felix BRESSART

# LEE THEATRE

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY: A CHINESE PICTURE IN MANDARIN

## 饑情 "THE INTERNAL TRIANGLE"

### STAR THEATRE • TO-DAY ONLY • At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

## HUGH HERBERT in "LA CONGA NIGHTS"

DENNIS O'KEEFE • CONSTANCE MOORE

A New Universal Picture

TO • Bing Crosby • Mary Martin  
MORROW • "RHYTHM ON THE RIVER"

# CATHAY

TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS. W.  
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.  
Matinees 30c., 40c., 55c., 70c.

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •  
A GREAT STAR'S GREATEST TRIUMPH!  
THE MOST FAMOUS OF ALL SCREEN ROLES!



TO-MORROW Sidney Toler, Marjorie Weaver in  
20th Century Fox Picture : "CHARLIE CHAN'S MURDER CRUISE"

## Army Boot Contract: Australia Asked To Supply All Forces In East

SYDNEY.—Australia has been asked to supply several millions of pairs of boots and up to 500,000 pairs of sandals, as a first result of formation of the Permanent Eastern Group of the Empire Supply Committee at Delhi, India. This contract, valued at considerably more than \$1,000,000, is the largest single order for boots ever placed in Australia.

Australia's representative on the committee (Sir Bertram Stevens) has asked the Australian Government to accept the export contract.

He said the initial proposals were of such magnitude that it seemed improbable that the resources of the Australian industry could meet it in the time proposed, but inquiries are now proceeding to see how far the Commonwealth can go to accept it.

The proportion of this order that can be met without dislocating supplies for Australia is now being determined.

### FOR EMPIRE FORCES

The boots will be for use by Empire Forces and services in India, Malaya and other parts of the East.

Supplies for the British Government are understood also to have

## COMING EVENTS

**MAY**  
26—Tides: High 8.57 a.m. and 10.43 p.m. Low: 2.43 a.m. and 4.00 p.m. Sunrise: 5.40 a.m.; Sunset: 7.01 p.m. Laying of foundation stone of extension of Po Leung Kuk, 5.30 p.m. by Lady MacGregor. Crown Land Sale, P.W.D. Office, 3 p.m.

St. John's Cathedral Council Meeting, Cathedral Hall, 8.45 p.m. Y.M.C.A. Bridge Drive, 8.30 p.m. St. Andrew's Club Games Evening. Entered Close for Colony Lawn Bowls Championships. Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.F.), Govt. House, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Y.M.C.A. War Work, 9 a.m. to noon. St. Andrew's (Medical) War Work, 10 a.m.

27—Tides: High 9.24 a.m. and 11.21 p.m. Low: 3.14 a.m. and 4.44 p.m. Sunrise: 5.40 a.m.; Sunset: 7.02 p.m. La Salle Old Boys' Assn. Lecture "Education Abroad," 8 p.m. Rotary Club Tiffin, H.K. Hotel, 1 p.m.

Kowloon Chess Club, Peninsula Hotel, 5.30 p.m. Prayer and Fellowship Meeting, S. and S. Home, 8.30 p.m. Chinese Club Whist Drive, 8.30 p.m. 28—Tides: High 9.52 a.m. Low: 3.44 a.m. and 5.24 p.m.

Sunrise: 5.39 a.m.; Sunset: 7.02 p.m. Concert in aid of Airplane Fund Campaign, Lee Theatre. Annual Meeting of Y.M.C.A. Amateur Dramatic Club, West Lounge, 6 p.m.

29—Tides: High 12.07 a.m. & 10.21 p.m. Low: 4.09 a.m. and 4.05 p.m. Sunrise: 5.39 a.m.; Sunset: 7.02 p.m. Half-yearly General Meeting of Voting Members of Jockey Club, Club House, Happy Valley, 5.30 p.m.

Annual Meeting of Peak Church, Cathedral Hall, 5.30 p.m. Y's Men's Club Tiffin, St. Francis Hotel, 1 p.m.

30—Tides: High 12.52 a.m. & 11.02 p.m. Low: 4.37 a.m. and 6.48 p.m. Sunrise: 5.39 a.m.; Sunset: 7.02 p.m. La Salle Old Boys' Assn. Lecture "The Foundations of Civilization," 8 p.m.

Congregation of the H.K. University for Confering of Degrees, 9.30 p.m. 31—Tides: High 1.37 a.m. and 11.41 p.m. Low: 5.08 a.m. and 7.35 p.m. Sunrise: 5.39 a.m.; Sunset: 7.03 p.m. H.K. Jockey Club Sixth Extra Meet, 2 p.m.

1.00 Local Time Signal.

1.01 Film Selections.

"Big Broadcast of 1938"—Selection

—Anton and the Paramount Theatre Orchestra, "Keep Smiling"—Swing

You Way to Happiness; Giddy Up—Gracie Fields (vocal), w. Orch.

"Pinocchio"—Selection—Reginald Foote (Organ). "Rubber Symphony"—Serenade—Webster Booth (Tenor)

w. Orch. "Everybody Sing"—Selection—Louis Levy and His Orchestra

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press and Announcements.

1.45 Songs by Leslie Hutchinson at the Piano.

My Gypsy Dream Girl (film "Com-

mand Performance"); Please Remember (Denby-Watson). Tomorrow is Another Day (film "A Day at the Races"); Where is the Sun? (from "Cotton Club Parade").

2.00 Accordeon Solos.

Czardas (Monti); Ma Petite Java (Castoncelli)—Gigetto Castoncelli. The Hobgoblin (Alex) — Walter Porssmann with Orch. accomps.

Black and White (Botsford); Woodland Flowers (Burns) — Viljo Vesterinen.

## GENERAL

## Radio Programmes

### HONGKONG

Z. On Wavelengths of 355

B metres (845 k.c.) 81.49

W metres (9.52 megacycles).

DVORAK QUARTET IN E FLAT MAJOR, OP. 51

"Hi Gang!"

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Inter-

cession.

12.30 B.B.C. Dance Music.

Slow Fox-Trot—Rusty and Dusty,

Novelty Fox-Trot—The Fairy on the

Christmas Tree. Fox-Trot—Big Ship

(film Music Hath Charms). Waltz—

Give Me Your Hand; Tango—Mar-

lou. Slow Fox-Trots—Here Comes

the Bride; Every Minute of the Hour.

Comedy Waltz—The Travelling Sales-

man; Comedy Novelty—A Feather in

her Tyrolean Hat.

1.00 Local Time Signal.

1.01 Film Selections.

"Big Broadcast of 1938"—Selection

—Anton and the Paramount Theatre

Orchestra, "Keep Smiling"—Swing

You Way to Happiness; Giddy Up—

Gracie Fields (vocal), w. Orch.

"Pinocchio"—Selection—Reginald

Foote (Organ). "Rubber Symphon-

y"—Serenade—Webster Booth (Tenor)

w. Orch. "Everybody Sing"—Selection

Louis Levy and His Orchestra

1.45 Songs by Leslie Hutchinson at

the Piano.

My Gypsy Dream Girl (film "Com-

mand Performance"); Please Remember

(Denby-Watson). Tomorrow is An-

other Day (film "A Day at the Rac-

es"); Where is the Sun? (from "Cot-

ton Club Parade").

2.00 Accordeon Solos.

Czardas (Monti); Ma Petite Java

(Castoncelli)—Gigetto Castoncelli.

The Hobgoblin (Alex) — Walter

Porssmann with Orch. accomps.

Black and White (Botsford); Wood-

land, Flowers (Burns) — Viljo Ves-

terinen.

3.00 Local Time Signal and An-

nouncements.

3.02 This week's programmes.

3.05 Light Symphony Orchestra,

Queen Mary's Song (Elgar, arr. Haydn Wood); Like to the Damask

Rose (Elgar, arr. Haydn Wood)—cond.

by Haydn Wood. For Your Delight

Serenade (Eric Coates)—cond. by The

Composer.

3.15 London Relay—"Hi, Gang!"

3.00 London Relay—The News and

News Commentary.

3.15 A Richard Strauss Programme

with his "Burleske."

Jochansan is brought before Salome ("Salomé") — Orchestre Pasdeloup.

"Burleske"—Ely Ney (Piano) with State Opera Orchestra. Rönskavaller

Waltzes—Philharmonic Orchestra

9.45 to 10.00 News in French (on Short Wave only).

9.45 Tartinini—Concerto in D Minor.

1st Mov: Allegro—Cadenza—Allegro

2nd Mov: Grave, 3rd Mov: Presto

(Cadenza)—Joseph Szilgi. (Violin)

with Orchestra.

10.00 London Relay—"News from

Home" by Howard Marshall.

10.15 London Relay—"The Stones Cry Out"

Feature Programme. A B.B.C. Pro-

duction. Made in England.

10.30 Dvorak Quartet in E Flat

Major, Op. 51.

1st Mov: Allegro ma non troppo.

2nd Mov: Dumka (Elegie) Andante

con moto—Vivace, 3rd Mov:

Romanze (Andante con moto), 4th

Mov: Finale (Allegro assai)—Lento

String Quartet.

11.00 Close Down.

3.15 Close down.

5.45 Indian Programme.

6.30 Closing local Stock Quotations.

6.32 A Dance Programme.

Quick-Step—Apple Blossom Time;

Slow Fox-Trot—A Mist is over the

Moon (film "The Lady Objects")

Victor Silvester and His Ballroom

Orchestra. Fox-Trots—Heaven Can

Wait; There's a Ranch is the Rockies

—Jack Harris and His Orchestra.

Tango—Sangre de Suburbio; Que-

brando—Orquesta Tipica Francisco

Canaro. Blues—Blues Upstairs and</p

# ALLIED TROOPS RECAPTURE STRATEGIC POINTS IN CRETE AFTER FIERCE FIGHTING

## Enemy Convoys Smashed By Navy: Nazis In Possession Of The Aerodrome At Malemi

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—AFTER FIERCE HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING THE ALLIED TROOPS HAVE DRIVEN THE GERMANS OUT OF EVERY IMPORTANT POINT ON CRETE EXCEPT ONE—MALEMI—AND CONTROL THE ENTIRE COAST OF THE ISLAND, ACCORDING TO LATEST INFORMATION FROM CRETE.

Brilliant work by the Allies is still restricting landings of German troops either by parachute or troop-carrying planes. German gun emplacements at Heraklion (or Candia) and Retimo are stated to have been knocked out by the Allied forces and the situation in both places is now said to be satisfactory.

At Malemi, a few miles west of Suda Bay, the Germans occupied a piece of ground about the aerodrome to enable aircraft to land, and the aerodrome is under fire and has been ceaselessly attacked. Serious fighting is still going on. Elsewhere on the island airborne troops are still being landed by the Germans but they have met with no success.

Australian, New Zealand, British and Greek forces, striking with great fury and determination, closed in on every fresh batch of Germans and have either destroyed them or taken them prisoner.

Allied anti-aircraft gunners are also putting up a good fight, and at least 16 German troop-carriers have been brought down since the invasion began.

Many other heavy troop-carriers have been destroyed on landing, and a great number of parachutists have been killed or injured on landing.

The total number of enemy casualties is increasing considerably but it is believed Allied casualties are not heavy.

**CONVOYS SMASHED**

The Navy has played a big part in this battle by smashing all

## ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE KING VICTOR

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—What appears to have been an attempt to assassinate King Victor Emanuel of Italy was revealed in an official statement broadcast from Rome yesterday which underscores, not very successfully, the significance of the affair.

The announcement says that a week ago, on May 17, "while the Royal procession was proceeding to the aerodrome at Tirana, an individual of Greek nationality fired several pistol shots at the Albanian Premier, who was riding at the side of the King-Emperor. The shots missed."

"The man was arrested and questioned for a week. He said he had a personal resentment against members of the Albanian Government. He was unable to obtain a job and wished to stir up the Albanian people."

## CONSCRIPTION IN N. IRELAND

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—The Northern Ireland Premier, Mr. Andrews, arrived in London on Friday night, with several of his Cabinet Ministers.

Yesterday, he discussed with Mr. Churchill the question of conscription in Northern Ireland.

Before leaving Belfast, Mr. Andrews consulted with the Unionist Council which gave him a free hand and approval of any steps taken.

An official communiqué issued in Belfast says that Mr. Andrews had talks with Mr. Churchill yesterday.

Mr. Churchill, says the communiqué, welcomed the opportunity to hear the views of the Northern Ireland Government on conscription, which would receive careful consideration.

### OFFICIAL STATEMENT

An official statement on the subject of conscription in Northern Ireland was issued in the Eire capital yesterday afternoon. The statement says:

"Following the conference yesterday between members of the Government and of the chief Opposition and Labour Parties, the Government met today to consider the situation regarding the application of conscription to the Six Counties."

It was announced subsequently that arrangements had been made to summon the Dail on Monday.

## RIVER PANUCO EXPLOSIVES MYSTERY

### ATTEMPT TO BLOCK TAMPAICO?

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—The naval authorities at the Mexican oil port of Tampico have discovered 30 cases containing explosives, apparently of European manufacture, at vital points at the mouth of the River Panuco, on which Tampico is situated.

This is according to a Mexico City despatch to the Independent French News Agency in London yesterday.

Had they exploded, it is stated, they would have completely blocked the port.

The Mexican authorities believe the explosives were placed there by seamen from the German liner Orinoco, who mysteriously disappeared in a boat after the liner was seized.

## JAPANESE BUILDING MORE SUBS.

TOKYO, May 25 (Reuter)—Japan, like Germany, is turning particular attention to submarines with a view to making up for inferiority in battleships.

Vice-Admiral Wanami Retired in a discussion with a representative of the Asahi Shimbun yesterday, said both constructors and crews of Japanese submarines had been inspired with a common inspiration, to make up by means of a superior under-water force, the inferiority in battleships imposed on Japan by the Washington Treaty.

Battleships and aircraft-carriers, he said, should form targets of submarine attack.

## Japan Warns U.S. Against Participation In The War

TOKYO, May 25 (Reuter)—Japan's role as a member of the Tripartite Pact was reaffirmed yesterday by the Kokumin Shimbun, reported to be the organ of the Japanese army.

The newspaper said that in the event of the United States entering the war "it is clear as daylight that Japan would strike a firm blow at the United States under this holy pact."

It added that such an eventuality would mean throwing the entire world into chaos, the responsibility for which "would rest squarely on President Roosevelt's already heavily burdened shoulders."

The Kokumin described the President's coming fireside chat on Tuesday as of great importance and deciding the world's destiny.

## FIELD-MARSHAL SMUTS

### "I Am Still General To My Friends"

JOHANNESBURG, May 25 (Reuter)—"I am still General Smuts to my friends in Africa," said Field-Marshal Smuts yesterday.

Some artillery, probably small field-guns, has also been landed.

The supplies seized by the British at Heraklion consisted of arms, munitions and food.

Small bodies of the enemy are probably still operating in various parts of the island but the main forces have been driven out of the positions they occupied.

### DUMMIES DROPPED

The Nazis have been dropping dummies by parachute in some areas probably with the aim of wasting our ammunition.

It is not improbable that some small fishing-boats have gone through to Crete but, as far as is known in London, there has been no major landing.

### KING GEORGE

The report that King George of Greece is in Egypt was categorically denied in well-informed quarters in London yesterday.

## GENERAL

## PREMIER OUTLINES DUTIES OF EVERY MAN, WOMAN IN THE EVENT OF AN INVASION

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—"Stand firm. Carry on." That is the essence of the personal message from Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, to every man and woman in Britain, outlining their "order and duty" in the event of an invasion.

The message is the introduction to a leaflet, "Beating the invader," more than fourteen million copies of which will be distributed to the public next week.

Mr. Churchill's message says that if "invasion comes" "by far the greater part of the country need not be immediately involved."

"Even along our own coasts, the greater part will remain unaffected, but where the enemy lands, or tries to land, there will be the most violent fighting."

"Not only will there be battles when the enemy tries to come ashore, but afterwards there will also fall upon his lodgements very heavy British counter-attacks and all the time the lodgements will be under the heaviest attacks by British bombers."

### ESSENTIAL WORKERS

"The fewer civilians or non-combatants there are in these areas the better—apart from the essential workers who must remain, so if you are advised by the authorities to leave the place where you live, it is your duty to go elsewhere when you are told to leave. When the attack begins it will be too late to go and unless you receive definite instructions to move, your duty will then be to stay where you are."

"You will have to get into the safest place you can find and stay there until the battle is over."

"For all of you then your order and duty will be to stand firm."

Mr. Churchill's message continues that the same applies to the people inland if any considerable number of parachutists or airborne troops are landed in their neighbourhood, and emphasises that above all they must not encumber the roads.

### HOME GUARD

"The Home Guard, supported by strong mobile columns, wherever the enemy's numbers require it, will immediately come to grips with the invaders and there is little doubt that they will soon destroy the invaders."

"Throughout the rest of the country where no fighting is going on and where no close cannon or rifle fire can be heard, everyone will govern his conduct by the second great order and duty, namely 'carry on.'"

"It may easily be some weeks before the invaders will have been totally destroyed, that is to say killed or captured to the last man who have landed on our shores. Meanwhile all work must be continued to the utmost and no time lost."

## CABLE NEWS IN BRIEF

AUCKLAND, May 25 (Reuter)—The meeting between the Australian Premier, Mr. Menzies, and the Acting New Zealand Premier, M. Nash, during Mr. Menzies' return to Australia from North America, gave a chance for further talks on war problems common to the two Dominions and on further cooperation between New Zealand and Australia.

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—Londoners had contributed £108,732,000 in the capital's War Weapons Week drive when the banks closed at noon yesterday. The objective was £100 millions, which was passed before noon on Friday.

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—A message to the Regent of Iraq has been sent by Iraqis in Bahrain and sheikhs in the interior of Iraq, pledging support against Rashid Ali.

CAIRO, May 25 (Reuter)—It was announced here that R.A.F. planes have made a further heavy raid on Benghazi. Although no details are yet available it is learned that heavy damage was inflicted.

LAHORE, May 25 (Reuter)—It was announced yesterday that the R.A.F. has placed an order for 170,000 blankets with the Punjab Industries Department. The order will be carried out with the help of cottage industries in Kurnool district.

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—It was confirmed here that the French authorities in Syria have sent war materials to the Iraqi rebels, including equipment collected by General Weygand only a year ago.

## TRUMPS IN NEW SUMMER SUITINGS

ARE HERE IN ALL THEIR DISTINCTIVE NEW TONES, TASTEFUL VARIETY OF CHECKS, STRIPES AND PLAINS—THERE ARE GREY-BLUE-GREYS-BROWNS FAUNS AND SOFT GREENS FROM WHICH TO SELECT YOUR QUALITY?—YES! THAT IS OF FIRST IMPORTANCE.

THE FABRICS WE SHOW YOU ARE ALL OF BRITISH MANUFACTURE.

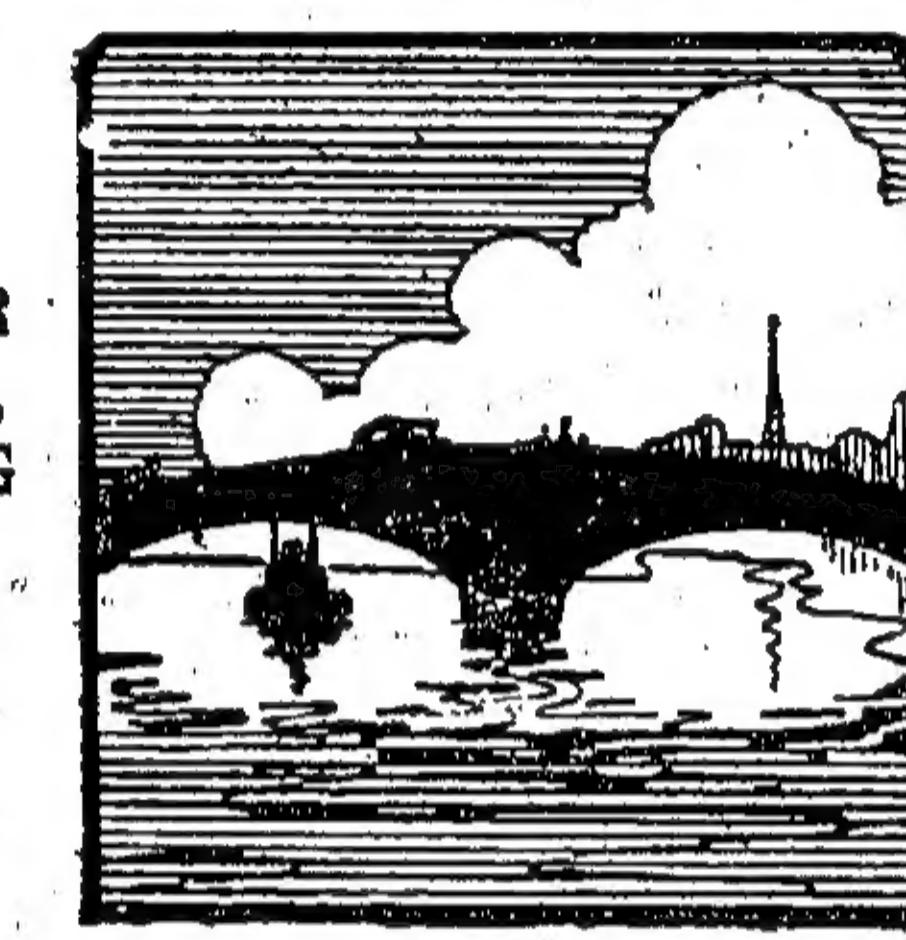
TAILORED TO YOUR OWN INDIVIDUAL STYLE WITH EXPERIENCED CARE AND WITH THE DEFINITE AIM OF GIVING THE UTMOST SATISFACTION.

LET YOUR NEXT SUIT BE FROM

**WILLIAM POWELL, LTD.**  
10, ICE HOUSE STREET,



## K. M. A. CERAMIC & REFRACTORY PRODUCT



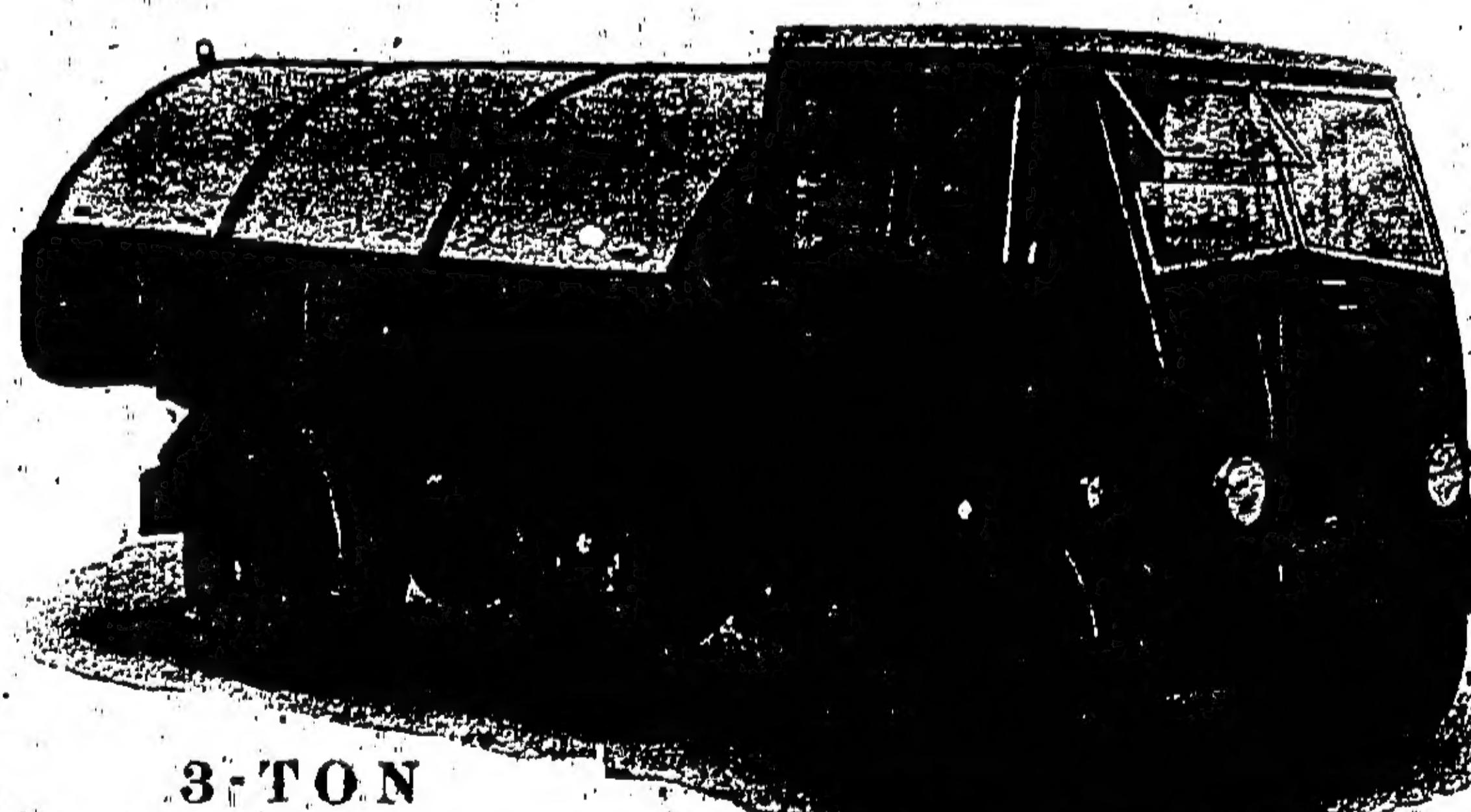
STONE  
-WABE  
PIPES &  
GLAZED  
TILES

Ask for our Illustrated Catalogue—Compare our Prices  
and Inspect our wide Range of Samples

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION  
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

Write for descriptive leaflets of the

## THORNYCROFT



### 3-TON 'NIPPY' CHASSIS

Aptly named the 'Nippy,' for its quick get-away and high road performance, this new Thornycroft is available with 10 1/4' and 12 6" wheelbase in both normal and forward control types, has extremely economical 60 b.h.p. engine, 7 frame, Lockheed-operated Girling brakes, and space for bodies up to 15' 10" long, amongst its other fine features.

## THORNYCROFT

Stands for Satisfaction

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

APPLY TO OUR

HONG KONG OFFICE, TEL. 22363.

St. George's Bldg., 1st Flr.

## UNIVERSITY DEGREES & EXAMINATION RESULTS

The Senate at a meeting held on May 24, 1941, resolved to recommend to the Chancellor that Degrees be conferred upon the following:

Degree of M.R., B.S.

Chia Pee Chey, Lam Shing Kit, Pang Teng Cheung, Szeto Onward, Wong Shiu Kong, Chow Wat Yee, Miss Maud Lee, Siu Tjoan Djin, Tan Luan Hong, Stephen K. H. Wong, Miss Lal Chung Yue, Low Nan Wan, Miss R. E. Smalley, Tang Ching Tuan, Wong Yat Hung.

Degree of B.Sc. in Engineering

Chau Po Cheung, Foo Yew Sain, Ip Hung Ho, J. F. Levy, Lips Sze Tsui, Wai Tsz Sam, Yeoh Boo Teik, Chu Choy Kit, Goh Kwang Hung, Ip Hung Shiu, Li Chi Fan, Tjao Siong Tin, Wong Peng Choon, Yin Tseng Tsien, Cheung Sze Yuen, Ip Ching U, Lam Po Hon, Llow Keng Sione, Tee Foo Sing, York Hsin Tsang.

Degree of M.A.

Mr. Wai Tat, B.A., Mr. Chun Zui Zlang, LL.B.

Degree of B.A.

Miss Kay Joan Hung, Look Mang Hoy, Miss H. A. Currem, Miss Marjorie Lee, Miss Cheng Wai Man, Ratna Khutakul, Miss Lily T. V. Trinh, Miss Mary Tong, Chung Heung Sung, Miss Gertrude Ho, Shum Lau Kwong, Miss Doris Houl, Li Chock Tai, Miss Wong Yiu Ho, James Lee Ju-Rsien, Miss Patricia Ablong, Miss Maisie Kotewal, Leslie L. Sung, Williamson Heng, Miss M. L. Suffield, Li Hing Lan.

Degree of B.Sc.

John Huang Hsing Tsang. Other University results are as follows:

FACULTY OF MEDICINE

5th University Examination

MEDICINE—Chia Pee Chey, Chin San Su, Choi Cham Liu, Chow Wat Wee, Miss Lai Chung Yue, Lam Shing Kee, Lee Cheng Ong, Lee Ching Iu, Miss Maud Lee, Leong Yean Seng, Low Nan Wan, Pang Teng Cheung, Siu Tjean Djin, Miss R. Smalley, Szeto Onward, Tan Luan Hong, Tang Ching Tuan, Wong Shiu Kong, Stephen K. H. Wong, Wong Yat Hung.

SURGERY—Chia Pee Chey, Chow Wat Wee, Miss Lal Chung Yue, Miss Maud Lee, Low Nan Wan, Pang Teng Cheung, Szeto Onward, Tan Luan Hong, Stephen Wong, Wong Yat Hung, Yoon Meng Pow.

4th University Examination

The following Candidates have passed the Examination in:

PATHOLOGY—Chan Ping Kwok, Cheung Ah Chee, Frank Kung, Lim Ban Sing, Raj Hans, To Shiu Yuen, Wong Cheung Chee, Miss Wong Sau Haan, Yeo Seow Tiang, Yip Tai Kit, Yip Yew Pui Lum, Medical Jurisprudence—Cheung Ah Chee, Miss L. B. Ghows, Frank Kung, Kwan Kui Lun, Leow Yip Chean, Lim Ban Sing, Hans Raj, To Shiu Yuen, Wong Cheung Chee, Miss Wong Sau Haan, Yeo Seow Tiang, Yip Yew Pui Lum.

PUBLIC HEALTH—Cheung Ah Chee, Frank Kung, Leow Yip Chean, Lim Ban Sing, Hans Raj, To Shiu Yuen, Wong Cheung Chee, Miss Wong Sau Haan, Yeo Seow Tiang, Yip Yew Pui Lum.

The following have passed the WHOLE of the 4th University Examination:—Chan Ping Kwok, Cheung Ah Chee, Frank Kung, Lim Ban Sing, Hans Raj, To Shiu Yuen, Wong Cheung Chee, Miss Wong Sau Haan, Yeo Seow Tiang, Yip Yew Pui Lum.

3rd University Examination

Au Wal Man, Bun Pak Sun, Cheung On Tak, Fok Hin Tak, Miss E. Gramkau, Kaa Sze Kin, A. Lebedev, Lee Wing Chong, Leung Yau Shan, Ling Tak Hong, Look Mang Wai, Miss E. Lovzovitch, Mu Pak She, E. Mahfils, J. H. Maitzer, Mok Wah Charn, A. Nazareth, Ng Tsun Man, Oh Bak Chua, G. Schiller, N. C. Sen-Gupta, E. Shapiro, Sohan Singh, Tsoi Kwok Kee, Wang Chin Tung, Wong Man Hung, Miss Wong Yiu Lai, Woo King Tak, Yeo Om Khor.

The following Candidates may present themselves for the Supplementary Examination in:

ANATOMY—Foo Yew Khoon, R. S. Gill, A. J. Reddenham, A. Rootstein, Yu Shiu On.

2nd University Examination

The following have passed the Examination in Organic and Physical Chemistry:—

Au Hung Cho, Au Sze Ho, Chan Kwong Fook, Chan Pui Lam, Cheung Mung Wah, Benjamin Ho, Ho Siu Kong, B. L. Kaploon, G. Karpushev, Kong Hoi Kit, Lam Kee Loo, Lim Miang Tsui, Lim Soo Tsui, Lo Wan Shiu, Low Nan Hang, Low Teng Kee, Paul Mari, A. H. Mehal, Mok Hing Yiu Ng Sui Ching, San Wan Yin, A. S. Sandhu, Saw Hock Chuan, Shi Ka Hock, N. Singh, P. L. de Souza, Tam Kwong Lam, Tech Tiaw Bee, To Shiu Nung, Miss E. Wann, Wong Chin Wah, Wong Ki Lun, Wong Kwong Leung.

Yap Pitt Van, Yeung Ming Hon, Wong Wood Lam, V. P. Zaltzoff, Miss Ng Kee Ching, S. K. S. Sim.

The following Candidates may present themselves for the Supplementary Examination in Organic and Physical Chemistry:—

Chai Kin Swee, Hooi Cheng Weng, Miss I. Kirklin, H. Thomas, A. Jeerjee, B. D. Pau.

1st University Examination

The following candidates have passed the examination in:

PHYSICS—S. Ampalavanar, H. E. Arculli, R. J. Barnes, Chan Al Kheng, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, Miss Christina Chow, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, A. R. Jacob, Khoo Boo Say, Khoo Kee Seang, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chi Nain, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Lam Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Neau Poon, Lau Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Wong Tak On, Wong Yee Tim, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

CHEMISTRY—R. J. Barnes, Chan Ah Kheng, Chan Chok Fo, Chan Sui Luen, Miss Cheng Wai Yue, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, George Choa, Chow Cham Leung, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Miss Chu Tsuk Lim, Albert Dasein, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, Miss H. K. Gill, Francis T. N. C. Ho, A. R. Jacob, Khoo Boo Say, Khoo Kee Seang, Lai Kit Chuen, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chee Hung, Lee Chi Nam, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Lee Soon, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lim Thiam Tet, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Low Kim Bee, Lum Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Ng Boon Sheh, Ngan Poon Lan, Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, Oei Kee Saik, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Miss Doris Wong, Wong Yut Lin, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

SECTION 116 (1) OF THE BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1935, IS AS FOLLOWS:—

No new building shall be occupied or used in any way, except by caretakers only not exceeding two in number, until an authorised architect shall have certified in writing according to the form contained in Schedule K to the Building Authority that such building complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance, and is structurally safe, nor until the owner shall have received a written permit to occupy such building.

The object of the Bill is to give the Building Authority power to issue a permit with respect to any building appropriate to the use or occupation of such building as a domestic or a non-domestic building.

It has hitherto been the practice of the Building Authority to issue domestic and non-domestic permits for buildings intended to be used respectively as domestic or non-domestic buildings.

As there is some doubt as to whether the Building Authority has power to issue such permits it has been considered advisable to enable the Building Authority to issue permits appropriate to the use and occupation of buildings as domestic or as non-domestic building.

The matter being one which primarily concerns the Health Authorities it has been provided that nuisances arising under section 116 (as amended) should be dealt with by the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

## BUILDINGS ORDINANCE AMENDMENT

The Government Gazette contains the Bill of an Ordinance to amend the Buildings Ordinance, 1935.

Be it enacted by the Governor of Hongkong with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as the Buildings Amendment Ordinance, 1941.

2. Sub-section (1) of section 116

is amended by the addition to the end thereof of the following:—

In issuing such permits the Building Authority shall have regard and shall be deemed heretofore to have had regard to the nature of the building and its fitness for occupation or use as a domestic or as a non-domestic building and shall accordingly issue, and shall be deemed heretofore to have

had power to issue, permits appropriate to such occupation or use. And no person shall wilfully use or knowingly permit to be used any building with respect to which a non-domestic permit has been issued as a domestic building.

3. Section 127 (1) is amended by the addition of the following proviso to the end thereof:—

Provided that the competent authority to deal with nuisances under section 116 shall be the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

### OBJECTS AND REASONS

Section 116 (1) of the "Buildings Ordinance," 1935, is as follows:—

No new building shall be occupied or used in any way, except by caretakers only not exceeding two in number, until an authorised architect shall have certified in writing according to the form contained in Schedule K to the Building Authority that such building complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance, and is structurally safe, nor until the owner shall have received a written permit to occupy such building.

The object of the Bill is to give the Building Authority power to issue a permit with respect to any building appropriate to the use or occupation of such building as a domestic or a non-domestic building.

It has hitherto been the practice of the Building Authority to issue domestic and non-domestic permits for buildings intended to be used respectively as domestic or non-domestic buildings.

As there is some doubt as to whether the Building Authority has power to issue such permits it has been considered advisable to enable the Building Authority to issue permits appropriate to the use and occupation of buildings as domestic or as non-domestic building.

The matter being one which primarily concerns the Health Authorities it has been provided that nuisances arising under section 116 (as amended) should be dealt with by the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

R. J. Barnes, Chan Ah Kheng, Chan Sui Luen, Miss Cheng Wai Yue, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, George Choa, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Albert Dasein, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, Francis T. N. C. Ho, A. J. Jeerjee, Khoo Kee Seang, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chee Hung, Lee Chi Nam, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Lee Soon, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lim Thiam Tet, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Low Kim Bee, Lum Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Ng Boon Sheh, Ngan Poon Lan, Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, Oei Kee Saik, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Miss Doris Wong, Wong Yut Lin, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

SECTION 116 (1) OF THE BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1935, IS AS FOLLOWS:—

No new building shall be occupied or used in any way, except by caretakers only not exceeding two in number, until an authorised architect shall have certified in writing according to the form contained in Schedule K to the Building Authority that such building complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance, and is structurally safe, nor until the owner shall have received a written permit to occupy such building.

The object of the Bill is to give the Building Authority power to issue a permit with respect to any building appropriate to the use or occupation of such building as a domestic or a non-domestic building.

It has hitherto been the practice of the Building Authority to issue domestic and non-domestic permits for buildings intended to be used respectively as domestic or non-domestic buildings.

As there is some doubt as to whether the Building Authority has power to issue such permits it has been considered advisable to enable the Building Authority to issue permits appropriate to the use and occupation of buildings as domestic or as non-domestic building.

The matter being one which primarily concerns the Health Authorities it has been provided that nuisances arising under section 116 (as amended) should be dealt with by the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

R. J. Barnes, Chan Ah Kheng, Chan Sui Luen, Miss Cheng Wai Yue, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, George Choa, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Albert Dasein, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, Francis T. N. C. Ho, A. J. Jeerjee, Khoo Kee Seang, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chee Hung, Lee Chi Nam, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Lee Soon, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lim Thiam Tet, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Low Kim Bee, Lum Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Ng Boon Sheh, Ngan Poon Lan, Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, Oei Kee Saik, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Miss Doris Wong, Wong Yut Lin, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

SECTION 116 (1) OF THE BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1935, IS AS FOLLOWS:—

No new building shall be occupied or used in any way, except by caretakers only not exceeding two in number, until an authorised architect shall have certified in writing according to the form contained in Schedule K to the Building Authority that such building complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance, and is structurally safe, nor until the owner shall have received a written permit to occupy such building.

The object of the Bill is to give the Building Authority power to issue a permit with respect to any building appropriate to the use or occupation of such building as a domestic or a non-domestic building.

It has hitherto been the practice of the Building Authority to issue domestic and non-domestic permits for buildings intended to be used respectively as domestic or non-domestic buildings.

As there is some doubt as to whether the Building Authority has power to issue such permits it has been considered advisable to enable the Building Authority to issue permits appropriate to the use and occupation of buildings as domestic or as non-domestic building.

The matter being one which primarily concerns the Health Authorities it has been provided that nuisances arising under section 116 (as amended) should be dealt with by the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

R. J. Barnes, Chan Ah Kheng, Chan Sui Luen, Miss Cheng Wai Yue, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, George Choa, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Albert Dasein, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, Francis T. N. C. Ho, A. J. Jeerjee, Khoo Kee Seang, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chee Hung, Lee Chi Nam, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Lee Soon, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lim Thiam Tet, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Low Kim Bee, Lum Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Ng Boon Sheh, Ngan Poon Lan, Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, Oei Kee Saik, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Miss Doris Wong, Wong Yut Lin, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

SECTION 116 (1) OF THE BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1935, IS AS FOLLOWS:—

No new building shall be occupied or used in any way, except by caretakers only not exceeding two in number, until an authorised architect shall have certified in writing according to the form contained in Schedule K to the Building Authority that such building complies in all respects with the provisions of this Ordinance, and is structurally safe, nor until the owner shall have received a written permit to occupy such building.

The object of the Bill is to give the Building Authority power to issue a permit with respect to any building appropriate to the use or occupation of such building as a domestic or a non-domestic building.

It has hitherto been the practice of the Building Authority to issue domestic and non-domestic permits for buildings intended to be used respectively as domestic or non-domestic buildings.

As there is some doubt as to whether the Building Authority has power to issue such permits it has been considered advisable to enable the Building Authority to issue permits appropriate to the use and occupation of buildings as domestic or as non-domestic building.

The matter being one which primarily concerns the Health Authorities it has been provided that nuisances arising under section 116 (as amended) should be dealt with by the Chairman of the Urban Council or any person deputed by him on that behalf.

R. J. Barnes, Chan Ah Kheng, Chan Sui Luen, Miss Cheng Wai Yue, Cheung Wei Yuen, Chia Pee Teck, Chin Niat Siong, Chin Thiam Tsew, Chin Yew Ping, Chiu See Hin, George Choa, Chow Kit Kit, Miss May H. Chow, Albert Dasein, Miss Eu Gaik Choo, Fang Sin Yang, J. C. Fenton, Francis T. N. C. Ho, A. J. Jeerjee, Khoo Kee Seang, Lau Ong Ul, Miss Lean Sook, Keng, Benjamin Lee, Lee Chee Hung, Lee Chi Nam, Lee Hung Ming, Lee Tong, Lee Soon, Leonard Leong, Leung Sui Chun, Li Man Kim, Liang Shau Hong, Lim Thiam Tet, Lo Shu Wing, Lo Sui Tung, Low Kim Bee, Lum Pak Huen, Miss Ma Lin Fong, Miss F. Mohideen, Ng Boon Sheh, Ngan Poon Lan, Ong Guan Bee, Ong Hway Liang, Oei Kee Saik, H. Syed Mahmud, Tan Luan Hooi, Tan Tian Khoo, Tang Wei Zing, Tech Tiaw Teeng, Harry Thumb, Teung Ying Hung, Wee Joo Seng, Wong Chak Wang, Wong Cheung Chih, Miss Doris Wong, Wong Yut Lin, L. M. Xavier, Miss Wong Yut Lin.

SECTION 116 (1) OF THE BUILDINGS ORDINANCE, 1935, IS AS FOLLOWS:—

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHINA UNDERWRITERS,  
LIMITED.  
(Incorporated in Hong Kong)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventeenth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of China Underwriters, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, 4A, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong, on Wednesday the Fourth day of June, 1941, at noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Board of Directors and a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1940, and of electing Directors and Auditors.

The Transfer Books and Register of Members of the Company will be closed from the 28th May, 1941, to the 4th June, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
HERBERT R. STURT,  
Managing Director.  
Hong Kong, 24th May, 1941.

EMPIRE DAY  
MESSAGE FROM  
LORD MOYNE

The following telegram has been received by His Excellency the Governor from the Secretary of State for the Colonies:

May 22, 1941.

I cannot let Empire Day pass without sending you a message of greeting. I should like all people of the Colonies, Protectorates and Mandated Territories to know what a real source of encouragement it has been to us to be assured of their goodwill and support.

It has not been given to everybody to take as active a part in the war as they would wish; those African Middle East territories which have participated in African campaign may be counted as fortunate; Malta too a shining example to us all, has shown by her bearing that she is proud to be in the front line. But all overseas territories have played their part and all from the moment war began have made us in this country feel we have true friends all over. War has given a new strength and meaning to Empire unity. We have been through dark and terrible days together; the road may be long and hard—one but we can all feel steady confidence that the end is victory.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

Mrs. Eu and family gratefully thank friends and relatives for the many messages of condolence, floral tributes, and kind attendance at the funeral of the late Mr. Eu Tong Sen.

**The Daily Press**  
報西刺刊

Editorial and Business Office:  
15-19, Queen's Road Central  
Tel. 33225.  
Night Editor (Wanchai Office):  
Tel. 24511.  
London Office: 53, Fleet Street  
E.C.4.

HONGKONG, MAY 26, 1941.

**ALL EYES ON THE UNITED STATES**

EVEN if Admiral William Glassford, Commander of the United States Yangtze Patrol, over-rated the successes which the Germans have obtained in their depredations against British merchant shipping and, in doing so, failed to take into consideration Britain's sea mastery, when he spoke in Shanghai on Thursday night, what he had to say furnished convincing evidence of the growing feeling among Americans of the need there is for the United States to take an active part in the war against the Axis Powers. Speaking as a naval officer, of course, Admiral Glassford laid all his emphasis on the question of "ships and more ships" to carry supplies to Britain and "if need be, men to the decisive field of battle," which, in his opinion, lay in the Battle of the Atlantic. Admiral Glassford was right when he declared that at present the United States had taken no steps to guarantee that the goods she is manufacturing for Britain would be delivered at British ports—a direct indication that President Roosevelt's "Fire Hose" policy, to which the lend and lease plan has been likened, must immediately include the decision to provide convoys for American ships taking such supplies to Britain and her allies.

THE QUESTION of providing American naval escorts for American ships conveying supplies to Britain has apparently aroused a certain amount of controversy in the United States. There is no doubt that President Roosevelt and his advisers are overwhelmingly in favour of

**URGENT APPEAL FOR T.B. SANATORIUM IN COLONY****5,751 Persons Died From "White Plague" Last Year**

"TUBERCULOSIS IS ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT CAUSES OF ILL-HEALTH AND PREMATURE DEATH IN THIS COLONY and the time has arrived for steps to be taken to deal with the problem on a generous scale." This was one of the findings of the Technical Committee appointed by His Excellency, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, in 1938 to inquire into the existing hospital facilities. The Chairman of that Committee was the Director of Medical Services, Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke.

The above was also the finding of the members of the Council of the Hongkong Anti-Tuberculosis Association. Firmly of the opinion that "the time has arrived for steps to be taken to deal with the problem on a generous scale" a group of public-spirited gentlemen—including HON. SIR ROBERT KOTEWALL, HON. DR. SELWYN-CLARKE, HON. MR. M. K. LO AND MR. HO KOM-TONG, O.B.E.—launched an appeal for funds to establish a sanatorium.

Tuberculosis—the dread scourge—is a disease as lethal as cancer. Deathly silent in its work it has condemned, and is condemning, thousands of people to die a lingering death as, with the lack of Government provision for the institutional care of at least the "open" cases, the chances of recovery for the majority of the victims are infinitesimal.

**A SURE DEATH**

Not only is this lack of provision condemning the victims to a sure death but it has been, and is still, the means of spreading the disease. Tuberculosis flourishes in places which lack sunshine and among people living in crowded tenements. The home conditions of many of the victims militate against their recovery and endanger the lives of their housemates.

Those who read the Health Bulletin issued by the Medical Department, and published in the local Press, daily would have noticed that tuberculosis invariably "topped" the number of infectious cases reported to the Medical authorities. In 1940, 5,751 persons were REPORTED to have died of this "white plague." The number of deaths for 1939 and 1938 was 4,443 and 4,920, respectively. In all three years, the number of deaths amounted to 51 per cent. of the total sufferers of this malady. As the consensus of opinion among the medical practitioners is that for every case reported four others were treated by Chinese herbalists, we have the alarming figure of 40,000, 36,000, and 40,000 victims for 1940, 1939 and 1938, respectively.

**URGENT NEED**

As Government is, for some reason or the other, unwilling or unable to build a sanatorium out of public funds the public should, in its own interests, support any movement which has for its objective the eradication of this dread scourge which has been taking such a heavy toll of human lives yearly.

There can be no gainsaying the fact that Hongkong is in urgent—not to say desperate—need of a tuberculosis sanatorium, and the site chosen by the Anti-Tuberculosis Association appear to be the ideal one for such a building.

Situated at Shouson Hill, the house—which could be easily converted into a sanatorium—has sufficient accommodation for 20 to 30 beds. The purchase price is \$35,000 but the owner, Mr. J. M. Wong, has signified his willingness to donate \$2,000 to the Association's funds. Approximately \$17,000 is needed for the purchase of technical and hospital equipment, furniture and linen; while another \$12,000 will be needed as running expenses.

**BETTER THAN NOTHING**

"We know," said Mr. Ho Kom-tong to a Hongkong Daily Press reporter, "that that is only a very small beginning, but it is better than doing nothing at all. After all, a start must be made somewhere if we are to eradicate this disease. We hope, however, that, if, after a year's trial, the percentage of cures affected at the sanatorium is found to be higher than that in the hospitals in the city, Government will assist us to extend our activities."

**APPEAL FOR FUNDS**

Asked as to how they intend to raise the money, Mr. Ho said that, for a start, they would await the result of their appeal inserted in the local newspapers, and the personal letters sent to friends of the sponsors. Should these two forms of appeal fail to bring in the required sum the promoters would organise flag-days and other drives.

Will it be said of the public that, though generous in its support of war funds and other charities, it failed to rally to the support of a campaign against tuberculosis?

Donations, however large or small, will be gratefully received by Mr. D. Benson of the Mercantile Bank, the Honorary Treasurer.

**NEWSSETTES**

As no nominations have been received, the election by the Justices of the Peace announced to be held in the Urban Council Chamber on May 28 will not take place.

During the absence from the Colony of Mr. Seiki Yano, Consul-General for Japan at Hongkong, Mr. Shiroshichi Kimura will be in charge of the Japanese Consulate-General.

Mr. M. J. Abbott, Crown Counsel, has been appointed a Commissioner to administer oaths and take declarations, affirmations and attestations of honour in the Supreme Court.

It is notified for general information, that Typhoon warning lights will not be exhibited on the Kowloon Railway Station during repairs to the Clock Tower until further notice.

The Cancellation of the Memorial of Re-entry on Stanley Village Lot No. 520 has been registered according to law.

The Cancellation of the Memorial of Re-entry on Inland Lot No. 3073 has been registered according to law.

Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, the new American Ambassador to China, is scheduled to present his credentials to Mr. Lin Sen, Chairman of the National Government, this afternoon.

The Kweichow Rural Credit Committee has increased its capital to \$1,000,000 (Chinese currency) in aid of agricultural development.

An interesting talk on London impressions of a local announcer was given by Mr. Leonard Starbuck, Professional Assistant at the Royal Observatory, from the studio of Z.B.W. last night.

In celebration of the opening of the Wardens' Athletic and Social Centre, the officers and wardens of "A" Division, Yaumati, gave a tea party at the A.R.P. Club yesterday evening, at which a large number of officers, wardens and friends were present.

The list of 521 persons registered under the Registration of Dentists Ordinance to whom an annual practising certificate for 1941 has been issued is published in the Government Gazette in accordance with Section 12 (1) of the Registration of Dentists Ordinance (No. 1 of 1940).

**AMENDMENT**

The following firing area is substituted for firing area C—

(c) Firing Area C—  
The area included in this firing area is bounded as follows—by a line starting from High Water Mark at Bluff Point (latitude 22 deg. 11' 46", longitude 114 deg. 12' 42"); thence following High Water Mark along the southern shore of Tai Tam Peninsula to latitude 22 deg. 11' 51", longitude 114 deg. 13' 15"; thence to Beaufort Island at 22 deg. 11' 22", longitude 114 deg. 14' 32"; thence following High Water Mark along the western shore of Beaufort Island to latitude 22 deg. 10' 10", longitude 114 deg. 14' 33"; thence across to Pu, Tol Island at 22 deg. 10' 00", longitude 114 deg. 14' 58"; thence on a bearing of 148 deg. to latitude 22 deg. 09' 00", longitude 114 deg. 15' 41"; thence on a bearing of 270 deg. to latitude 22 deg. 09' 00", longitude 114 deg. 05' 43"; thence across to Un Kok Point on Lamma Island (latitude 22 deg. 11' 00", longitude 114 deg. 08' 50"); thence following High Water Mark along the eastern shores of Lamma Island to Wong Chu Kok Point (latitude 22 deg. 12' 38", longitude 114 deg. 09' 30"); thence across to Ngan Chau at latitude 22 deg. 12' 56", longitude 114 deg. 11' 00"; thence across to Chung Am Kok at latitude 22 deg. 12' 48", longitude 114 deg. 11' 42"; thence along the southern limit of the port of Stanley, thence following High Water Mark on the western shore of Tai Tam Peninsula to starting point.

**FIRING PRACTICE**

Light gun firing practice will be carried out today between the hours of 6 p.m. and midnight. Firing Areas "D" and "E" will be affected. Firing practice as under is notified for tomorrow:—

(a) Heavy gun firing between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.

(b) Firing Area "B" will be affected. Alternative date—May 28, 1941.

(c) Light gun practice between the hours of 6 p.m. and midnight. Firing Areas "D" and "E" will be affected.

CHUNGKING, May 25 (Reuters)—In celebration of Empire Day, British members of the Sino-British Cultural Relations Association gave a reception yesterday afternoon. They entertained Chinese members of the Association with the latest British war newsreels and an exhibition of war photographs and paintings.

**TROOP-CARRYING GLIDERS: LESSONS OF THE GERMAN TACTICS IN CRETE**

"The Greek and Imperial forces in Crete have been putting up a magnificent defence in Crete and the only pity is that we cannot give them some kind of air support," said MAJOR OLIVER STEWART, M.C., A.F.C., B.B.C., aviation expert when he broadcast from London on Saturday on the lessons to be learned from the German air attack on Crete.

"From the questions people have been asking me recently," said Major Stewart, "it seems that there is no clear understanding of how gliders work. I have not seen any of these myself, but the first thing to remember is that a troop-carrying glider is not a sail plane."

**THE SAIL PLANE**

Major Stewart declared that the sail plane was an enormous plane with an enormous wing-span. It could take off by being towed up to a fair height and they could maintain their height. Many cross-country flights had been made by sail plane and great heights were reached.

The troop-carrying glider looked more like an enormous aeroplane and was more stoutly built than the sail plane. He had no designs or the details of these gliders given to him, though he hoped to have some shortly.

"A troop-carrying glider can take anything up to twenty armed men and can easily be made," said Major Stewart. "They are towed by a Junkers 52 and were built of wood. An imposing feature of the glider was the means it possessed for allowing the men to get out. The men would have to be able to disembark very quickly without falling on one another."

**TACTICAL ADVANTAGES**

Major Stewart stated that a Junkers 52 could tow one or more of these gliders and the glider would give the Junkers 52 an additional lift. A Junkers 52 would only take a run of about fifty yards when it was towing a glider.

"There is no reason why a Junkers 52 cannot tow one or even three gliders," said Major Stewart.

"The tactical advantages of the troop-carrying glider is that it makes its descent in silence and the pilot has the discretion of where he can land.

**TAIKOO CHINESE CLUB**

The 14th anniversary of its formation was celebrated by the Taikoo Chinese Club on Saturday at their premises, No. 15 Connaught Road Central.

The function was attended by over 120 members and guests, and included in the day's programme was a luncheon, a Chinese musical opera show followed by a dinner in the evening.

Officials for the ensuing year elected in the afternoon were:

Patrons: Messrs. G. C. Roberts and A. S. P. Roberts.

President: Mr. Mok Yu-yan.

Vice-President: Mr. Mok Hing.

Chairman: Mr. Mok Ching-un.

Vice-Chairman: Mr. Kwok Pu-chuen.

Hon. Secretary: Mr. Lau Han-ming.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr. Soo Tse-ku.

Asst. Secretary: Mr. Soo Kit-sang.

**SCHOLARSHIP TO GIRL STUDENT**

The Lingnan University has received word from America stating that the Rockford College in Rockford, Illinois, will offer a scholarship of about U.S.\$1,000 annually to a student of the institution for the academic year 1941-1942.

The scholarship, it is understood, will include tuition, and expenses for board and lodging and is to be granted to a student between the ages of 18 and 22 in the sophomore or junior class. (Central News).

**BOOKS ON CHINA**

The China Campaign Committee has decided to compile a list of books on China for world-wide distribution in order to give a clearer picture of the country. A compilation committee consisting of Chinese and British members has been formed. The bibliography, when completed, will be published and distributed with the co-operation of the National Book Council which will circulate

it among colleges, schools, and libraries throughout the world. (Central News).

**DEFEND THEM**

If men accept the protection and privileges of a country, they have a right to fight and defend them.

Councillor Major E. G. Whittaker told the council: "We ought not to have objector tribunals at all. I would have no objectors. If they would not join the R.A.M.C. I would shoot the first 10 and then there would be no more."

Strong opinions were expressed during the discussion.

Councillor Major E. G. Whittaker told the council: "We ought not to have objector tribunals at all. I would have no objectors. If they would not join the R.A.M.C. I would shoot the first 10 and then there would be no more."

Alderman E. G. Rowlinson said that the Education Committee were embarrassed by having as many objectors as the whole of the other corporation services. He had received protests from parents, and he could understand the protests where, perhaps, a father was in the Army and the youngster at school was possibly being "infiltrated" by an objector-teacher.

He thought, however, that most of the objector-teachers were honorable and did not allow their sentiments to colour their teaching.

He was against their dismissal. It was reported during the meeting that no objector employed by the corporation had refused the increase in wages or salaries awarded because of the war.

## WORLD FAITH IN BRITISH POLITICAL TRADITION: HERITAGE OF LIBERTY

"It is because the world feels that British political tradition makes for the common good of humanity that unnumbered millions outside the borders of the King's dominions are heart and soul with us in our struggle. People in all parts of the globe in times to come will bless us for our endurance. In that certainty, let us go into the new year of the Empire's life."

The above formed the concluding words of a broadcast from London yesterday, by Sir ALFRED ZIMMERN, Professor of International Relations at Oxford University and well-known writer and broadcaster on international affairs, when he spoke on the unity which lies behind the unity of the nations of the British Commonwealth.

**CONFIDENCE REVIVED.**  
Sir Alfred said that it seemed more like ten years instead of one since last Empire Day and yet it was only eleven months since the collapse of France had left the British Empire almost alone to withstand the shock of German aggression.

"Busy minds had in the meanwhile begun to contemplate a new order from which the British Empire had disappeared and in which its territories had been dispersed," said Sir Alfred. "Then came the Battle of Britain. Suddenly it was realised that we had survived and confidence revived in the certainty of our victory."

"And so we reached the present anniversary of the Empire at war with an enemy who has changed his tone and Herr Hitler himself has forgotten now, how he used to talk of what he called Britain's pseudo power."

"Why has the Empire survived the shocks which have proved fatal to so many others and why have the Germans so persistently denied our unity and under-rated our strength? The Germans have under-rated us because we are not organised as they understand organisation. They look for an essential government in our Empire and instead they find a number of independent authorities."

### EMPIRE STRENGTH

"The only government the Germans understand is a dictated unity. It is not surprising, therefore, that they have never understood the solid strength of the British Empire."

"It would be surprising if they had—firstly, because we never explain ourselves to the world, and secondly, because the British Empire needs a great deal of explaining." Explaining this, Sir Alfred declared that Britain and the dominions were communities within the British Empire, in no way su-

## BIRTHDAY GIFT TO F.M. SMUTS

JOHANNESBURG, May 25 (Reuter)—FIELD-MARSHAL SMUTS has been informed that the nation is presenting him a birthday gift of over £140,000 which will be given by F.M. Smuts to the National War fund for the benefit of the forces of which he is the commander-in-chief and their dependants.

The total is believed to represent the biggest gift by any nation to its leader and cheques are still streaming in so that the final total is expected to be well over £150,000.

### "ASK AMERICA"

PIETERMARITZBURG, May 25 (Reuter)—"The answer to the question 'are we in danger today' is to ask America," declared the South African Prime Minister, Field-Marshal Smuts, in birthday speech yesterday.

"The United States are busy arming Great Britain and South Africa as well as themselves for the struggle ahead. They are doing it because they see danger."

"As long as there is an enemy on the African continent so long shall we feel unsafe."

"Our boys are going to Egypt. I hope they will there help wipe out this danger which is threatening the world. I want this danger swept from Africa."

### COMPLETE CONFIDENCE

The Premier expressed complete confidence about the outcome of the war and warned people to expect things to go up and down.

"I feel that whatever violence this summer may bring the end will be the Germans will again be defeated. I am not nervous about the outcome."

## FIELD-MARSHAL SMUTS

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—In an historical review of the office of Field-Marshal, the War Office says that in the long list of British Field-Marschals there is none else but Field-Marshal Smuts whose first military experience was gained in war against Great Britain, none who wore a decoration won in such a war, none who has been Prime Minister or Minister of Defence or who has been a member of the Imperial War Cabinet before he became Field-Marshal.

General Botha commanded armies in the field both against and for Great Britain. He was Prime Minister and his record is closest to that of Field-Marshal Smuts.

General Currie, who commanded the Canadian Corps, and Gen. Monash, who commanded the Australian, were both eminent in civil as well as military life, but neither was a Cabinet Minister.

The number of Field Marshals provided for in the Army Establishment is eight—six officers of the British Army and two of the Indian Army.

### H.M.S. HOOD

Continued from Page 1

NEW YORK, May 25 (Reuter)—The sinking of the Hood off the coast of Greenland yesterday has greatly shocked America and has helped to bring home to many people of the United States the nearness of the war to their country.

The only reaction in Washington is that it has shown the necessity for immediate decision on the United States naval policy. From the details of the engagement available, it showed that German naval forces are operating in waters which United States ships are understood to be patrolling.

Newly is still awaited concerning the German battleship Bismarck, which a British Admiralty communiqué issued last night said was damaged in the engagement, and of the rest of the German squadron which, it is stated, is being pursued.

Apart from the tank activity the Germans have shown no signs of trying to recover the territory lost during the British push last week and, in fact, seem at the present more concerned with constructing defences around Capuzzo along the frontier and around Tobruk.

### FALL FROM BUS

Getting off on Bus No. 640 near the Ko Shing Theatre, West Point, about 1.55 p.m. yesterday, a woman, Faan Wai-shung, residing at No. 126 Belchers Street, fell and suffered slight injuries.

## PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT EXPECTED TO MOOT EXTENSION OF MONROE DOCTRINE

### Americans To Be Told The Perils Confronting Country

WASHINGTON, May 25 (Reuter)—When about 50,000,000 Americans tune in to President Roosevelt on Tuesday it is expected that they will be told of the "mortal danger" in which they will stand if the Battle of the Atlantic goes against England.

It is reported that President Roosevelt will declare the United States can only be defended if the whole hemisphere is defended, wherefore it would be necessary to extend the Monroe Doctrine to the eastern Atlantic, including the West African bulge.

It is also possible the President will say that Nazi submarines are pirates and must be dealt with accordingly.

What President Roosevelt will say is naturally known only to him and his closest associates, and is a closely guarded secret.

There is a wide assumption, however, that he cannot but follow the path already blazed by the speeches of Col. Knox, Mr. Cordell Hull, Mr. Stimson and Mr. Wickard, all of whom recently, and with his approval, addressed the country on the perils confronting it and of the necessity of seeing that American tools are put into British hands.

These speeches are being carefully read again for straws may show how the President will blow.

It is more likely the President is seeking means of taking steps under his powers as Commander-in-Chief, for which congressional approval could come later.

Several well-informed sources have been declaring for some time that the President continues to be against convoys because convoys mean shooting and shooting means war, believing his plans to defeat the U-boats would be as effective as convoys.

Treating the submarine menace as piracy may be in expectation of these plans.

MONROE DOCTRINE

The reported possibility of extending the Monroe Doctrine to include the entire Atlantic, plus the West African bulge, arises from the widely known opinion of naval advisers to the Government that successful defence of the United States involves defence of the whole hemisphere and that unless the line from the waters of Britain southwards through Dakar is held by the United States or friendly forces, South America is vulnerable from many points.

President Roosevelt's speech, it is expected by many, will be the view of the Government, and action is believed definitely necessary now that Vichy apparently has delivered the French Empire to the Nazis.

Compulsory military service for the native population has repeatedly been advanced but financial reasons so far prevented the Government from complying with this request, but these objections have now been removed so that the introduction of the new measure on a limited scale is not only possible but even deemed necessary.

The native papers enthusiastically welcomed the new act and only expressing much regret that it was not introduced many years before.

Compulsory military service for the native population has repeatedly been advanced but financial reasons so far prevented the Government from complying with this request, but these objections have now been removed so that the introduction of the new measure on a limited scale is not only possible but even deemed necessary.

The native papers enthusiastically welcomed the new act and only expressing much regret that it was not introduced many years before.

There are many in Washington who think May 27 may be a date to remember in all democratic calendars for many years to come.

RALLY TO FREE FRENCH CAUSE

HAIFA, May 25 (Reuter)—British planes flew over Syria today dropping pamphlets calling on all loyal Frenchmen to rally to the cause of Free France.

The pamphlets were signed by Colonel Collet, who recently crossed the frontier into Palestine in order to join the Free French forces.

Nearly a year later, our own forces reoccupied BERBERA, with a single casualty—a British officer was slightly injured.

In defensive fighting last August which made the invaders pay so disproportionate a price for no military advantage, two Indian battalions, the 2nd and 15th Punjab Regiment did great work. The same battalions had the satisfaction of recapturing Berbera.

Units of the Royal Indian Navy co-operated with the Royal Navy in the evacuation of the Somaliland garrison last year; the R.I.N. again supported the combined operation which led to the con-

clusion of the brief Italian regime over the British Colony.

The action against the Italian occupied Berbera probably ranks first in a combined operation of land and naval forces in which the units of the Indian army were ever taking part, says the note.

JAMIL MADFAI FOR BASRAH

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—The former Iraqi Premier, Jamil Madfa, has been sent by the Regent of Iraq as his representative in Basra.

## BITTER BATTLE ROUND MALEMI

Continued from Page 1  
52 on the aerodrome and on the beach.

The enemy was also machine-gunned and preliminary reports state that at least ten enemy planes were destroyed and many others damaged. Later reconnaissance confirmed that many of the Junkers were burnt out and a number completely unserviceable.

Long-range fighters also attacked the enemy at Malemi and destroyed at least four large troop-carriers.

### OFFICIAL NAZI REFERENCE

LONDON, May 25 (Reuter)—The first official German reference to the fighting in Crete is made in a special German Hugh Command announcement which states:

"Since the morning hours of May 20 German parachutists and airborne troops have been on the island of Crete in a battle against the British forces."

"In daring attacks from the air supported by fighter, bomber and dive bomber formations, they captured points of strategic importance. After further reinforcements by Army formations, German troops took the offensive."

The western part of the island is already firmly in German hands.

### AIR MASTERY CLAIM

The German Luftwaffe broke an attempt of the British fleet to intervene in the decision for Crete, chased them from the waters north of Crete, sank and damaged a large number of enemy warships and achieved air mastery over the entire battle area.

"On the whole operations continue according to plan."

"The statement by Mr. Winston Churchill that the German troops were dropped over Crete in New Zealand uniforms is untrue."

"If it is a motive or retrospective argument for treating, or having treated, German parachutists not in accordance with international law, the German Supreme Command will order due reprisals on ten times the number of British prisoners of war."

### WILL PROVE DECISIVE

"The next few hours may well prove decisive in the Great Battle of Crete," declared the New Zealand Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser, in an interview with Reuter in Cairo on Saturday.

"I am very confident our New Zealand troops and their gallant Australian, British, Greek and Cretan comrades will succeed in holding Crete against one of the heaviest air attacks yet launched, and in circumstances which will never be repeated," Mr. Fraser said.

"Never have conditions been so favourable for an air attack with the enemy's bases so close, and our men deprived of air support and so handicapped."

"I have great hope of the outcome. I know the New Zealand troops and I know they cannot be surpassed for co-operation, unity, tenacity, discipline and individual initiative."

"They showed their quality in Greece, fighting a heroic rear-guard action, as did the Australians and the Greeks, and they are giving an equally good account of themselves in Crete," he concluded.

### R.A.F. AWARDS

A pilot who took part in recent raids on the German battle cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, lying at Brest, is among 11 R.A.F. officers and men who are decorated for gallantry and devotion to duty.

Nine officers get the D.F.C. and two sergeants the D.F.M.

The pilot, mentioned above, dropped bombs over the target although his aircraft was severely damaged by A.A. fire, says Reuter.

## WHEN MUSSOLINI'S FORCES TOOK BRITISH SOMALILAND THEY USED AT LEAST TWO HEAVY EQUIPPED DIVISIONS

SIMLA, May 25 (Reuter)—When Signor Mussolini's forces last August occupied BRITISH SOMALILAND, says a Press Note, they used at least two heavily equipped divisions against a small and lightly armed Imperial garrison; it cost the invaders nearly 2,000 casualties and a fortnight's hard fighting before they attained the objective against our own casualties around 150 of which less than 40 were fatal.

Nearly a year later, our own forces reoccupied BERBERA, with a single casualty—a British officer was slightly injured.

In defensive fighting last August which made the invaders pay so disproportionate a price for no military advantage, two Indian battalions, the 2nd and 15th Punjab Regiment did great work. The same battalions had the satisfaction of recapturing Berbera.

Units of the Royal Indian Navy co-operated with the Royal Navy in the evacuation of the Somaliland garrison last year; the R.I.N. again supported the combined operation which led to the con-

clusion of the brief Italian regime over the British Colony.

The action against the Italian occupied Berbera probably ranks first in a combined operation of land and naval forces in which the units of the Indian army were ever taking part, says the note.

## Sandstorms Interfering With Operations In Tobruk Area: Soddu Taken

CAIRO, May 25 (Reuter)—A Cairo communiqué states that sandstorms are interfering with operations in the TOBRUK area. In Southern Abyssinia, the town of SODDU has been taken, and two Italian divisions in this area are now surrounded.

An R.A.F. Middle East communiqué states that the MOSUL aerodrome has again been raided by R.A.F. planes. One unidentified plane was destroyed and others damaged.

A Messerschmitt 109 which tried to intercept failed to prevent the raid.

There is little else of importance to report, in Iraq, the communiqué adds.

A Middle East communiqué stated that in the Sollum area our patrols and artillery continued their aggressive tactics.

**HEAVIEST TANK LOSSES**

Reuter's Special correspondent with the advanced British forces in the Western Desert writes that the Germans suffered the heaviest tank losses since the appearance in Libya when they tried to advance in two columns on Hell Fire Pass, the principal strategic point this side of the Egyptian frontier.

The first column, moving along the edge of the escarpment, was engaged by our forces near Sollum at 11 a.m. in the morning, and driven back with two tanks definitely knocked out and others probably damaged.

Early in the afternoon another column was discovered trying to make its way round the left flank of the British troops who had dealt with the first force.

## FRENCH ATTITUDE INCREASES LONDON'S DIFFICULTIES

MADRID, May 25 (Reuter)—Diplomatic observers in Paris are reported to be thinking that the attitude of France increases London's difficulties and puts the defence of DAKAR in the forefront of world attention, writes the Paris correspondent of the Spanish newspaper ABC.

The paper adds that any action by the United States against Dakar would provoke a French reply and a German reply."

The correspondent also says that a German spokesman in Paris states that the stay there of the German Commander-in-Chief of the German

Army, Gen. von Brauchitsch, reflects better than any commentary of the continuity and intimacy of Franco-German conversations."

Gen. Brauchitsch arrived in Paris on Wednesday to participate in the conversations with the Vichy Government.

## LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Official Administrator, Supreme Court,

"to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 27th May, 1941.

commencing at 10.30 a.m.  
at No. 182, Prince Edward Road,  
First Floor (Kowloon)

## A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

(effects of the late  
Mr. J. Bickerstaff)

and

One "G. E. C." Radiogram  
Two Radio Sets  
One "Westinghouse" Refrigerator  
One Gas Stove  
One Quartz Lamp

On View on Day of Sale

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

## LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Wednesday, the 28th May, 1941.  
commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at No. 11A, Jordan Road, Kowloon

## A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

On View from Tuesday, the 27th May, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

## LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Thursday, the 29th May, 1941.  
commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at No. 4, Conduit Road.

## A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

also

One "Philips" Radio (model 1940)

and

Fine Peking Rugs

On View from Wednesday, the 28th May, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery

## LAMMERT BROS., AUCTIONEERS.



## ROUND THE POLICE COURTS

## AT CENTRAL

## TAIKOO WORKMEN FINED

Fifty men, all with the exception of two, coolies employed by various contractors to work at the Takkoo Docks, appeared before Mr. H.G. Sheldon, K.C., on Saturday, charged with evading payment of ferry fare on the Man Leung launch, of the Hongkong and Yaumati Vehicular Ferry Company.

Of the 10 persons on \$10 ball each, one was absent and had his ball estreated. Three in all pleaded not guilty.

Sgt. W.L. Kinloch, who prosecuted, said that a telephone message was received saying that about 200 workmen had rushed the gates of the Sai Wan Ho Wharf.

He went there and found the same number of people on board the ferry and on the wharf. Consequently, he discovered that the 50 defendants were without tickets and arrested them.

In giving the 47 who admitted the charge \$1 or seven days' hard labour, Mr. Sheldon cautioned them that the next time they appeared before him on the same offence, he would impose on them an imprisonment sentence without the option of a fine.

Those who pleaded not guilty were ordered to be remanded for 48 hours, they being allowed \$2 ball each.

Those who guilty were ordered to be remanded for 48 hours, they being allowed \$2 ball each.

## G.P.O. DISTURBANCE SEQUEL

Sixty-four allegedly former night soil women coolies charged with disorderly conduct, who were described as ring-leaders of the group, were sentenced to six weeks' hard labour each by Mr. Sheldon, K.C., on Saturday.

They were Wong Mo-lui, 17, Lam Mai, 22, Ng Hau-tim, 22, Wong Mai, 18, Choi Chuen, 18, and Lo Yan, 17.

This was a sequel to the demonstration staged by about 1,000 allegedly former nightsoil coolies in front of the G.P.O. building on Tuesday afternoon, when the Urban Council was in session.

Forty-seven, including two juveniles, were arrested and charged before Mr. Sheldon on Thursday, but four of them were discharged when no evidence was offered against them.

Two of the others failed to appear and were stated to have been detained in the hospital.

The rest were discharged with a caution, but Mr. Sheldon warned them that if they were arrested again and brought before him, he would sentence them to long term imprisonment.

The two juveniles, one of them also described as a ring-leader, were remanded until today in the Juvenile Court.

Mr. Thompson was assisted by Mr. E.C. Luscombe, A.S.P., and Det. Sub-Ins. J. O'Donovan in the prosecution.

## WOMAN BURGLAR CAUTIONED

After seven days' remand in jail custody on a charge of larceny in a dwelling, Lo Lin, 33, widow, of no fixed abode, was discharged with a caution by Mr. Sheldon on Saturday.

It was alleged that she climbed down from the roof of No. 189 Johnston Road into the third floor by a dangling rope and stole a brass pot, a metal and a metal kettle to the value of \$4 from the kitchen.

Det.-Sgt. V.M. Morrison, who prosecuted, said that "This is the first time that I came across a woman doing such a thing."

## SNATCHER CONVICTED

Chan Kau, 19, unemployed, was sentenced to nine months' hard labour, his seventh conviction, by Mr. G.T. Lowry on Saturday, when he pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a Shaeffer fountain pen, valued at \$40, from the person of the Rev. R. Morris, of the Maryknoll Mission, Stanley, at Des Voeux Road Central, near the World Theatre.

Sgt. J. McDermott prosecuted.

## SHOP KEEPER FINED

Tong Sheung, 38, shop keeper, was fined \$25 or one month's hard labour by Mr. Lowry on Saturday for obstructing a Police constable in the execution of his duty at Po Yen Street, near New Street, on May 23.

Sgt. H. Goldie prosecuted.

## SNATCHERS IN COURTS

As many as six persons appeared before Mr. Lowry on Saturday on charges of snatching from the person of wrist watches on different occasions.

## GENERAL

## DRAFT BILL OF ONE-CENT NOTES

The draft of an Ordinance to provide for the issue by the Financial Secretary of one-cent legal tender currency notes is published in the Government Gazette.

The object and reasons of the Bill states that owing to the shortage of one-cent copper coins and the delay in arrival of such coins on order, it has been found necessary, as a temporary measure, to issue one-cent currency notes.

This Bill follows generally the lines of Ordinance No. 42 of 1938, which authorised the issue of legal tender one-dollar notes and established a Fund for their redemption.

This Bill makes the new notes legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding one dollar.

## SECURITY FUND

The following particulars of the Bill are published:

It shall be lawful for the Financial Secretary to issue and re-issue one-cent currency notes in the Colony, which shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount not exceeding one dollar.

The Financial Secretary shall establish a One-cent Note Security Fund into which he shall pay all moneys he receives for such currency notes. The Fund shall be held on deposit at one or more banks in the Colony and shall be available for withdrawal from circulation of such portion of the issue of the said currency notes as the Financial Secretary may from time to time deem it desirable to withdraw; provided that a portion of the Fund may be temporarily invested at the discretion of the Financial Secretary.

For snatching a metal watch valued at \$11, from Lo Suk-chun, 20, woman, at Des Voeux Road Central, near Man Wah Lane, on May 23, Ip Kwan, 35, unemployed, was sentenced to three months. Sgt. J. McDermott prosecuted.

Four unemployed, Tsui Hon, 23, Lui Wai, 20, Wong Choi, 31, and Lui Soi, 30, appeared before Major A.N. Macfadyen on Saturday on a charge of trespassing at the Government Plantation at Kennedy Road on May 23.

First two defendants were additionally charged with unlawful possession of a tree measuring five feet in length and eight inches in diameter at the Plantation, and the latter two faced another charge of breach of the deportation order for returning from banishment.

Sentence of three months' hard labour each was imposed on the first two, while third and fourth defendants were sentenced to each three months on the first charge and six months on the second, the terms to run consecutively.

Mr. I.P. Tamworth, Assistant Superintendent of the Botanical and Forestry Department, was the complainant.

Interest or dividends received on any money deposited or invested on behalf of the One-cent Note Security Fund shall be paid into the general revenues of the Colony.

Interest or dividends received on any money deposited or invested on behalf of the One-cent Note Security Fund shall be paid into the general revenues of the Colony.

Preparations to complete the first 5,000,000 of these coupons (\$50,000), were started immediately after approval was obtained and these will shortly be put into circulation. These coupons are smaller in size than the Government one-dollar note.

Mr. H.J. Cruttwell has been appointed to be an Assistant Controller of Trade, and Mr. R.D. Walker and Mr. M.F. Key have been appointed to advise the Controller of Trade in the exercise of his powers under the Defence Regulations 1940 regarding Import and Export licences.

Mr. G.C. Hamilton and Mr. G.T. Rowe have been appointed Cadet Officers on probation with effect from May 15.

Mr. R.H. Hughes has been appointed a Land Surveyor with effect from May 15.

Mr. M.J. Abbott has been appointed to act as Official Receiver, Registrar of Trade Marks, Registrar of Patents, Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court, Deputy Registrar of Companies and Marshal in Prize, in addition to his other duties, with effect from May 22.

Mr. Abbott resumed duty as Crown Counsel on May 15.

Mr. J.B. Prentis has been appointed to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths with effect from May 7.

Mr. L.W. Hume has been appointed to be Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths with effect from May 7.

Mr. Cheung Yau-kwong, manager of No. 41 Pitt Street, third floor, and Miss Lo Fo-mui, of the same address.

## SOURCE OF WILLOWS

Britain and America have a very strong bond with Turkey for every weeping willow gracing on river banks owes its origin to a single cutting brought from that country.

This is how it happened. At the beginning of the 18th century a large basket of figs was sent from Smyrna to Lady Suffolk. The poet Pope was there when the gift arrived, so drawing one of the withes from which the basket was made, he remarked: "Perhaps this will produce something we have not in England."

He took it with him to his villa at Twickenham and planted it by the Thames, where it grew into a magnificent weeping willow. It was generally admired and cuttings were taken to all parts of England.

Years later, a British officer leaving for America cut a twig from Pope's willow, wrapped it in oiled silk and carried it in his baggage throughout the Revolution. After the war he presented it to John Curtis, son of Martha Washington, who planted it in Virginia where it became the ancestor of all weeping willows in the States.

## PILOT'S ESCAPE FROM JAPANESE PRISON

The thrilling story of how he escaped from a Japanese prison with two compatriots during the start of the Sino-Japanese conflict back in 1937, was related to the Malaya Tribune by Mr. Chow Tao-ling, a pilot in the China Air Force.

Mr. Chow was on his way to the famed Burma Road to help in the transport of supplies across the route to the Chinese Government. He was accompanied by three Chinese mechanics.

Mr. Chow was one of the pilots who was commissioned to bomb Japanese warships which were in the harbour of Shanghai in 1937. Shortly after he had started from his base, Mr. Chow said, he and some of the pilots were intercepted by Japanese planes. They were far outnumbered and in the dog fight that ensued, he managed to shoot down a couple of the enemy planes before he felt his plane was hit.

"I jumped at the chance and with great care we managed to reach the sentries and overpowered them. We made dash for freedom and just then the alarm was sounded. Fortunately, it was a dark night and although gun shots were heard, we made good our escape."

"I lost control of the plane then and immediately baled out. It was a dark night and when I eventually landed I found myself

## H.K. FINANCES

The Colony's assets increased

slightly in February, revenue being \$5,031,582 against an expenditure of \$4,895,877 for the month. This brought the balance of assets to \$23,804,470.

The comparative statement of finances for the month is also published. Revenue was up by \$2,000,000 and expenditure increased by nearly the same amount as compared with February, 1940.

Revenue calculated from January 1, 1941 totalled \$64,285,663. During the same time expenditure amounted to \$57,575,283. War revenue in February was \$814,194.

Mr. H. J. Cruttwell has been appointed to be an Assistant Controller of Trade, and Mr. R.D. Walker and Mr. M.F. Key have been appointed to advise the Controller of Trade in the exercise of his powers under the Defence Regulations 1940 regarding Import and Export licences.

Mr. G.C. Hamilton and Mr. G.T. Rowe have been appointed Cadet Officers on probation with effect from May 15.

Mr. R.H. Hughes has been appointed a Land Surveyor with effect from May 15.

Mr. M.J. Abbott has been appointed to act as Official Receiver, Registrar of Trade Marks, Registrar of Patents, Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court, Deputy Registrar of Companies and Marshal in Prize, in addition to his other duties, with effect from May 22.

Mr. Abbott resumed duty as Crown Counsel on May 15.

Mr. J.B. Prentis has been appointed to act as Registrar of Births and Deaths with effect from May 7.

Mr. Cheung Yau-kwong, manager of No. 41 Pitt Street, third floor, and Miss Lo Fo-mui, of the same address.

## WEDDINGS AT REGISTRY

The following marriages took place at the Registry, Supreme Court, on Saturday with Mr. J. Reynolds, Deputy Registrar, officiating:

Mr. Pang Shing-wai, merchant, of No. 196 Fa Yuen Street and Miss Zeeche Kwan, of No. 11 Cheung Sha Wan Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and Miss Dai Siu-chee, of No. 32 Russell Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and Miss Dai Siu-chee, of No. 32 Russell Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and Miss Dai Siu-chee, of No. 32 Russell Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and Miss Dai Siu-chee, of No. 32 Russell Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and Miss Dai Siu-chee, of No. 32 Russell Street;

Mr. Lau Sook-mo, sub-manager, of No. 132 Fook Wah Street, second floor, and

# University Degrees & Examination Results

Continued from Page 5

Hung Wong Tak On, Wong Yue Tim, L M. Xavier.

## FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

## Supplementary Examinations

In order that the following candidate may qualify for a pass in the Final Part II Examination they must satisfy the examiners in the Supplementary Examination, which will be held in September, 1941:

Candidate — No. 400 Izatt D B. Supplementary Exam.—Adv. Prime Movers.

## Final Examination Part I

Pass List—No. 302 Chan Si Hung, 304 Chu Pat Sun, 305 Choi Tze Chong, 308 G. F. d'Almeida, 309 Fong Nai Ching, 311 Hung Shek Chiu, 312 Z. A. Kossakowski, 313 Kwok Wan Man, 315 Lai King Shung, 316 Lee Pocon, 317 Lee Tam Shum, 318 Leung Mor Sal, 319 Li Hin Shing, 320 Li Seung Ngai, 321 John Lim, 324 Su Chee Tan, 326 Tan Hon Teck, 327 Tan Kheng Yeung, 328 Wei Kuang Mu, 330 Wong Ting Tsui, 331 Wu Tsui Lin, 332 Young Yuk Wah, 333 Yu Sui Lin.

## Supplementary Examinations

In order that the following candidate may qualify for a pass in the Final Part I Examination they just satisfy the examiners in the Supplementary Examination, which will be held in September, 1941:

Candidate — No. 328 Teheng Pao King. Supplementary Exam.—Prime Movers: Materials and Structures.

## Intermediate Examination Part II

Pass List—No. 201 Chang Chung Tim, 202 Chen Chong Chou, 204 Goh Hooi Cheang, 205 B. W. Genkin, 206 Serke Hotkov, 207 Ku Miao Hsiang, 208 Kwan Hoa Ning, 211 Leung Chin Man, 216 Ng Shun Kweung, 218 U Boi Dak, 220 Wong Kwoi Shuen, 221 G. A. Yabolkovsky.

## Supplementary Examinations

In order that the following candidates may qualify for a pass in the Intermediate Part II Examinations they must satisfy the examiners in the Supplementary Examinations, which will be held in September, 1941:

Candidate — No. 209 Lam Yoon Seng (App. Mechanics), 210 Lee Ming (App. Mechanics), 212 Leung Hing Lun (Physics), 213 Lam Yiu Kwan (Pure Maths.), 217 Pun Wana Yu (Physics, App. Maths.).

## Intermediate Examination Part I

Pass List—No. 101 Chan Ka Yau, 102 Chan Kai Fun, 106 Cheung King Yan, 108 Chow Nai Yuen, 109 Fong Wah Han, 111 Hon Sin Yuen, 112 N. S. Kaner, 115 F. W. Kual, 116 Lai Sau Nam, 117 Lam Yun Jeak, 122 Leung Hung Wal, 123 Leung Yiu Kai, 124 Lim Tai Tim, 127 Mak Wah Leung, 131 Lukum Singh, 134 Wa Kee Chak, 136 Wong Chun Keung, 137 Wong Ming Dung, 138 Wong Yin Khoon, 139 Wu Man Hon, 141 Yoono Yong Pow.

## Supplementary Examinations

In order that the following candidates may qualify for a pass in the Intermediate Part I Examinations they must satisfy the examiners in the Supplementary Examinations, which will be held in September, 1941:

Candidate — No. 103 Eugene Chao (Geom., Drawing), 104 Cheung Hor Loon (Physics and Geom., Drawing), 105 Cheung Hoi Weng (Physics), 107 Chev Jip Pang (Geom., Drawing and App. Maths.), 110 Ho Hon Fat (Geom., Drawing), 118 Lee Chee Koon (Chemistry), 120 Lee How Fong (Physics, Geom., Drawing, Pure Maths.), 121 Lee Sui Pang (Geom., Drawing), 126 Low Fung Choy (Geom., Drawing), 128 Ng Slik Khee (Geom., Drawing), 130 A. Ostromoff (Pure Maths., App. Maths., Chemistry), 132 Tan Hok Kiu (Geom., Drawing), 133 Tay Lai Hee (Geom., Drawing, App. Maths.), 135 Wong Chun Ho (App. Maths.).

## FACULTY OF ARTS

## Final Part I

Group A—No. 201 Cheah Siew On, 303 Miss Chen York Lien, 304 Walter Duffield, 305 Miss Nanette Ho, 306 Miss Lee Kwan Yat, A., 307 Miss Jessie Lim T.N., 310 Miss L. Lo Shuhing, 311 Miss H. D. Salmon, 312 Miss Z. Suffield, 313 Miss Toong Me Tsung, 314 Yu Shui Siu, 315 Miss Sarah Waung.

Group 4c—No. 316 Au Kwok Kee, 318 Wong Chung Tal.

Group B—No. 322 Miss Kwan Yeu Lien, 324 Miss Amy Lim, 325 Miss Lena Lim, L.N., 328 Tan Sim Kong, 332 Yao Po Chiu, 333 Yu Ping Tsung.

Group 5—No. 334 Chik Kee Shan, 335 Lew On Seng, 337 Tsui Shing Cheung.

Group C, 1—No. 336 Chen Kwan 339 Lai Tim Cheung, 340 Lau Din Cheuk, 341 Miss Ng Tung King, 342 Tsui Ka Cheung.

Group C, 2—No. 343 Kam Ying Hee, 344 Miss Fung Kam To.

## Intermediate Part 2

Group A—No. 201 Miss Au Yan, 203 Miss Eileen Chang, 204 Cheung Wing In, 206 Miss X. M. Grant, 207 Miss Daphne Ho, 209 Lim Meng Sal, 210 Miss Nellie Shroff, 211 Miss Jean Wee.

## BIG LAND LINE PROGRAMME

### Links With Perth And Darwin

Sydney — Federal Government will soon be asked to authorise heavy expenditure on a second telephone line between Perth and the eastern States. This follows a decision a few days ago to link Darwin with southern States by a new telephone line running through Port Augusta.

It was revealed today that a general programme of strengthening main trunk telephone channels in Australia has been launched, to improve defence communications, cater for increasing public traffic, and facilitate interchange of broadcasting.

Important steps just undertaken are the provision of a number of additional channels between Sydney and Canberra, and the construction of a radio telephone system between Victoria and Tasmania, to supplement the Bass Strait cable.

## SINGLE PHONE

At present there is only a single telephone line between Perth and the east.

Only one conversation can be conducted at a time over this line. For the greater part of the day it is seriously overtaxed, particularly since Defence traffic has grown.

If a second conductor is installed on the route, it will become possible to use the carrier wave system between Perth and the east. Three or four conversations simultaneously would be possible, and ad-

ditional telegraph channels would be provided.

Estimates of the cost of the new line are being prepared, and provision for the work will probably be made in next year's postal estimates.

## Lancashire Fills A Gap For The Dutch

Lancashire is now steadily fulfilling the cotton orders which have been coming in from the Dutch East Indies following the visit to Java of the representative of the Cotton Board.

When the Nazis seized the cotton mills of Holland, it was evident that the people of the Dutch East Indies would have to make new arrangements to meet their clothing requirements.

Quite apart from a huge trade in colour-woven sarongs, Lancashire is used to send to Java and the Outer Islands something like 175,000,000 yards of cotton piece-goods every year, or as much as the large trade which Lancashire already does with Australia and New Zealand.

"Native" production could not cope with it; nor, for several reasons, could the existing trade with Japan be extended.

Lancashire has therefore stepped into the breach. Prices have been cut to the bone. Backed by the British Government, purchases are being arranged of large quantities of native produce, and exports to the Dutch East Indies are willingly being preferred to the demands of Britain's home trade.

In Lancashire there is virtually no damage to production and losses at sea are comparatively small.

Lancashire is, therefore, doing all that can be done to fill the gap.

## NEW STEEL PRODUCED

A new shock-resisting steel has been produced in England after two years intensive research.

Some years ago the makers introduced a metal combining the strength of high tensile steel with the ductility of mild steel. It was used for many purposes, notably for 8,000 railway wheel centres for London's tube trains and for ships' davits.

But whereas it permitted davits to be loaded up to 25 per cent. greater than before, now davits made from the new steel for special duties have recently been passed for a further increase of up to 15 per cent. loading for the same same frame size.

In addition to the properties of the other, the new steel has a yield point of 60 per cent. or more, of the ultimate tensile strength and a resistance to shock of not less than 20 ft. lb.—twice to three times the normal figure for carbon steel castings of this tensile strength.

## VAST EXPENSE OF WAR

CANBERRA.—Showing how the war machine is now being accelerated, expenditure in Australia on defence in March reached the record total of £16,523,000.

This expenditure of more than £500,000 a day does not include maintenance of the R.A.F. and other forces abroad. It is about 40 per cent. greater than that of any previous month. The February bill was £8,673,000; that of January, £11,900,000.

The March expenditure, £7,457,000 was from revenue and £9,166,000 from loan funds. Since the beginning of this financial year defence expenditure in Australia has been £101,198,000, of which £21,703,000 has been from revenue and £79,495,000 from loans.

**LESS THAN ESTIMATED**

The estimated total war expenditure for the year was £179,781,000, so that, with only three months to go, it appears as though

expenditure will be £20,000,000 to £30,000,000 less than the estimate, even at the present huge daily rate.

The first meeting of the Australia-New Zealand committee will be in Sydney in about four weeks. Meetings will be held regularly—approximately three in Australia for one in New Zealand.

The Ministers for Supply and Commerce of the two Dominions will be permanent members of the committee and it will co-opt whatever other Ministers are necessary to deal with matters under discussion.

Revenue to date has been £83,250,000 and expenditure has been £87,937,000.

## PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

## HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET.

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Announcements not exceeding 25 words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of \$1.50 for THREE INSERTIONS. If charges collected, \$2.00.

TO LET.—Unfurnished from 1st June. 300 The Peak Six roomed house in Bluff Path. Fifteen minutes from Tram. Reasonable Rent. Hastings & Co. Marina House.

WE OFFER HIGH PRICES for any amount of gold articles, diamonds, silver, jewels, etc. No holidays. Apply China Building, 7th floor. Tel. 30727.

## EURASIA GOLD REFINING CO.

## HOTELS

## FOR JADED APPETITES!

## REAL RUSSIAN FOOD

Time \$1.20 • Dinner \$1.50

## TEA DANCE

DAILY

## EXCEPT MONDAYS

5 to 7.30 P.M.

## METROPOLE HOTEL

## BUTTERICK EXPERT TAILORS FOR LADIES' GARMENTS.

## NEW STYLE READY MADE AMERICAN DRESSES

## FOR SALE.

16 Wyndham Street. Tel. 23615

## WANTED KNOWN.

Experienced Book-keeper wants students to form a class. Guarantee students to keep a whole set of books after completion of a course of 6 months. For term and particulars. Please apply to: Box No. 432 c/o H.K.D.P.

EAT AT Jimmy's

## AUXILIARIES

## POSTAGE STAMPS

## FOR HIS COLLECTIONS

## and his GARDEN

We can supply the goods of him and your want

## GRACA &amp; CO.

Dealers in postage stamps and garden seeds etc.

No. 16 Wyndham Street.

Established 1886

HONG KONG

# FOREIGN MARKETS & QUOTATIONS

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS

MAY 24, 1941.

On London:	Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8 Bank Bills, on demand 1/2 7/8 Credits 4 months' sight
On Shanghai:	On demand 440
On Singapore:	On demand 52 3/4
On Japan:	On demand 102 1/2
On India:	Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8 and demand 88 5/8
On New York:	Bank Bills, on demand 24 1/8 Credits, 60 days' sight 24 7/8
On Batavia:	On demand 45 1/4
On Paris:	Bank Bills, on demand Non. Credits 4 months' sight Non.
On Saigon:	On demand 104 1/2
On Manila:	On demand 48 1/4
On Bangkok:	On demand 149 1/2
On Sterling Notes:	Bank Buying Rate ... Nom. Bar Silver per oz. 23 7/16

### Market Report

FROM ROZA BROS.

Saturday, May 24.

Silver prices were not received this morning. American Silver was quoted at 343 1/4 for Spot.

The London-New York cross-rate was quoted at 402 1/2. New York-London was quoted at 403 1/2.

### MARKET

#### STERLING

There were sellers at 1/3 up to August, buyers at 1/3 1/32 for any delivery.

#### U. S. DOLLARS

A small business was done during the early part of the morning at 24 7/18 for Cash. The market closed with small sellers at 24 7/16, buyers at 24 1/2 for any delivery.

#### SHANGHAI DOLLARS

A small business was done at 452 for Cash. The market closed with sellers at 451 1/2, buyers probably at 452 for Cash.

#### SHANGHAI MARKET

There were sellers of Sterling for near delivery at 35/16 and U.S. Dollars at 53 1/32 for Spot.

### Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, May 24 (Reuter).

#### Official T.T. Rates

Opening

London	0/3-3/18
New York	5-3/16
Japan	22

India 17-5/8

Paris nominal

Hongkong 21-1/3

#### Sterling

#### Sellers

Openink	Closing
Spot	0/3-5/16
May	0/3-5/16
June	0/3-5/16

U.S. Dollars

Spot	\$5-13/32
May	5-13/32
June	5-13/32

Market Quiet.

#### Silver Duty Rate

The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/24.

The Equalisation rate was 24 per cent.

#### Calcutta Exchange

Calcutta, May 24 (Reuter).

T.T. on Japan, 81-1/2

### LONDON METALS EXCHANGE

London, May 23 (Reuter).  
Tin Standard, Cash, Middle  
Price, £266-1/8.

Tin, Standard, 3 months, Middle  
Price, £266-3/8.

Market steady.

The Hongkong Stock Exchange on Saturday received from Messrs. Clarke & Son, Brisbane a cable in code and in translating same reads as follows:—"Board of Directors Declared First Interim Dividend of Threepence Payable on June 27."

### NEW YORK COMMODITY MARKET (REUTER'S SERVICE)

NEW YORK, May 24, 1941.

	High	Low	Close	Close	Change
New York Cotton, July	13.23	13.18	13.18	13.20	.02 up
New York Rubber, July	23.22	23.72	23.08	23.70	.38 up
Chicago Wheat, July	98 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	0 up
Chicago Corn, July	74 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2	0 up
New York Hides, June	15.00	14.95	14.90	15.00	.10 up
NEW YORK COTTON	Close	Close	Change		
July	13.18 2d	13.20 2d	.02 up		
October	13.34 3/5	13.32 3/4	.02 off		
December	13.38 3/9	13.40 4/1	.02 up		
January	13.38 N	13.38 N	.01 up		
March	13.41 4/1	13.42 4/3	.01 up		
May	13.40 N	13.42 4/2	.02 up		
Spot	13.60	13.61	.01 up		
Total sales Friday	—	237,300 bales.			
NEW YORK RUBBER	Close	Close	Change		
July (New contract)	23.08 1/2	22.70 N	.38 off		
September ( )	22.68 8d	22.40 40	.28 off		
December ( )	22.20 20	21.95 95	.25 off		
March ( )	21.75 N	21.50 50	.25 off		
Total sales for the day	—	1,200 tons.			
The last trading day for May rubber is May 27.					
CHICAGO WHEAT	Close	Close	Change		
July	97 1/2	97 1/2	.01 up		
September	98 1/2	99 1/2	.01 up		
Friday's sales	—	18,598,000 bushels.			
CHICAGO CORN	Close	Close	Change		
July	73 1/2	73 1/2	.01 up		
September	74 1/2	75 1/2	.01 up		
Total sales for the day	—	67 lots.			
NEW YORK COCOA	Close	Close	Change		
September	7.52 N	Closed			
NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 3	Close	Close	Change		
July	2.43b/44a	2.43b/44a	unch.		
September	2.46b/47a	2.46b/47a	unch.		
Volume of business done	—	20 lots.			
NEW YORK SUGAR NO. 4	Close	Close	Change		
July	83 1/2b/84a	84 1/2b/85a	.01 up		
Volume of business done	—	59 lots.			
NEW YORK COPPER FUTURES	Close	Close	Change		
July	11.75b/95a	11.75b/94a	unch.		
NEW YORK COTTONSEED OIL	Close	Close	Change		
July	10.63b/75a	10.70/70	.02 up		
NEW YORK LARD	Close	Close	Change		
September	10.00b	10.07/07	.07 up		
NEW YORK BLACK PEPPER	Close	Close	Change		
September	6.23/23	6.27b/30a	.04 up		
The First Notice Day for September black pepper is Aug. 28 and last trading day is September 23.					
N.Y. Official Silver	34-3/4	unquoted.			
N.Y.-London Cross Rate	4.03-1/2	4.03-1/2			

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

(REUTER'S SERVICE)

### H.K. Stock Exchange

Saturday, May 24.

#### BUYERS

H.K. Banks	\$1,3074.
Bank of East Asia	\$71.
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$176.
Indo-China (Pref.)	\$80.
Docks	\$14.80.
Providentia	\$4.90.
Hotels	\$2.85.
Lands	\$31.
Realities	\$2.70.
Trams	\$15.80.
Lights (New)	\$1.25.
Macao Electrics	\$18.70.
Cements	\$13.30.
Ropes	\$8.70.

#### SELLERS

Providents	\$5.10.
Ropes	\$7.
SALES	
H.K. Banks	\$1,3124.
Electrics Rts.	\$11.
Cements	\$13.50.

#### OPERATING SERVICES

Chosen Corporation	4/-
Hukouang Rly.	5%, 1911
(German Issue)	13
Lung Tsing & U. Hat	1/-
Rly. 5% 1913	9
H.K. & Shai Rly.	5%
Tientsin-Pukow Rly.	5%
(Brit. Stpd.)	10
Tientsin-Pukow Rly.	5%
(Brit. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	10
Tientsin-Pukow Rly.	5%
(Gen. Stpd. Supl. Loan)	10
Jap. 6% Ster. Loan	1924
Chartered Bank	8d
H.K. & Shai Bank (Ldn	



To SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via SHANGHAI, KOBE & HONOLULU
S.S. "Pres. Cleveland" June 1 S.S. "Pres. Taft" July 15
S.S. "Pres. Coolidge" June 16 S.S. "Pres. Cleveland" July 30
S.S. "Pres. Pierce" June 30 S.S. "Pres. Coolidge" Aug. 9
To NEW YORK and BOSTON via MANILA, SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and CAPE TOWN
S.S. "Pres. Monroe" June 1 S.S. "Pres. Harrison" Aug. 7
S.S. "Pres. Jackson" July 13 S.S. "Pres. Hayes" Aug. 9
S.S. "Pres. Adams" July 26 S.S. "Pres. Garfield" Aug. 24
To MANILA To SINGAPORE via MANILA
S.S. "Pres. Cleveland" May 30 *S.S. "Pres. Madison" June 19
S.S. "Pres. Coolidge" June 7 *Dorothy Luckenbach June 21
S.S. "Pres. Pierce" June 23 Harry Luckenbach June 28
To NEW YORK and BOSTON via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES and PANAMA
S.S. "Pres. Taylor" June 19 Harry Luckenbach July 26
S.S. "Pres. Madison" July 19 Andrea Luckenbach Aug. 12
*Dorothy Luckenbach July 29 S.S. "Pres. Harrison" Aug. 28
Cargo only Omits Boston

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES  
"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"  
AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR  
AND UNITED AIR LINES  
2 FEDDER ST. TEL. 28171.



SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via Honolulu.	
KAMAKURA MARU	Wednesday, 4th June
YAWATA MARU	Wednesday, 11th June
SEATTLE & VANCOUVER (Starts from Kobe)	
HIE MARU	Monday, 23rd June
NEW YORK via Japan & Panama	
*NAKO MARU	Thursday, 26th June
SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST) via Hilo & San Francisco.	
*AKAGI MARU	Friday, 5th June
COLOMBO & MADRAS via Singapore	Friday, 13th June
*TOTTORI MARU	Wednesday, 11th June
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila.	Monday, 9th June
*ONO MARU	Saturday, 31st May
SAIGON	Saturday, 31st May
*NAGATO MARU	Wednesday, 28th May
BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.	Wednesday, 11th June
*BUNIMI MARU	Wednesday, 28th May
ANYO MARU	Wednesday, 11th June
RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore	Saturday, 31st May
*NAGATO MARU	Saturday, 7th June
*LISBON MARU	Saturday, 7th June
KOBE & YOKOHAMA	
KAMAKURA MARU	Wednesday, 4th June
YAWATA MARU	Wednesday, 11th June
*Cargo only.	

NIPPON YUSEN KAIKYA  
N.Y.K. King's Building Telephone 30291.

## TRAVEL A.-O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA

Calling at Manila, Thursday Island, Cairns, Townsville, Sydney &amp; Melbourne, etc.

NEXT SAILING  
BEGINNING OF JULY, 1941.

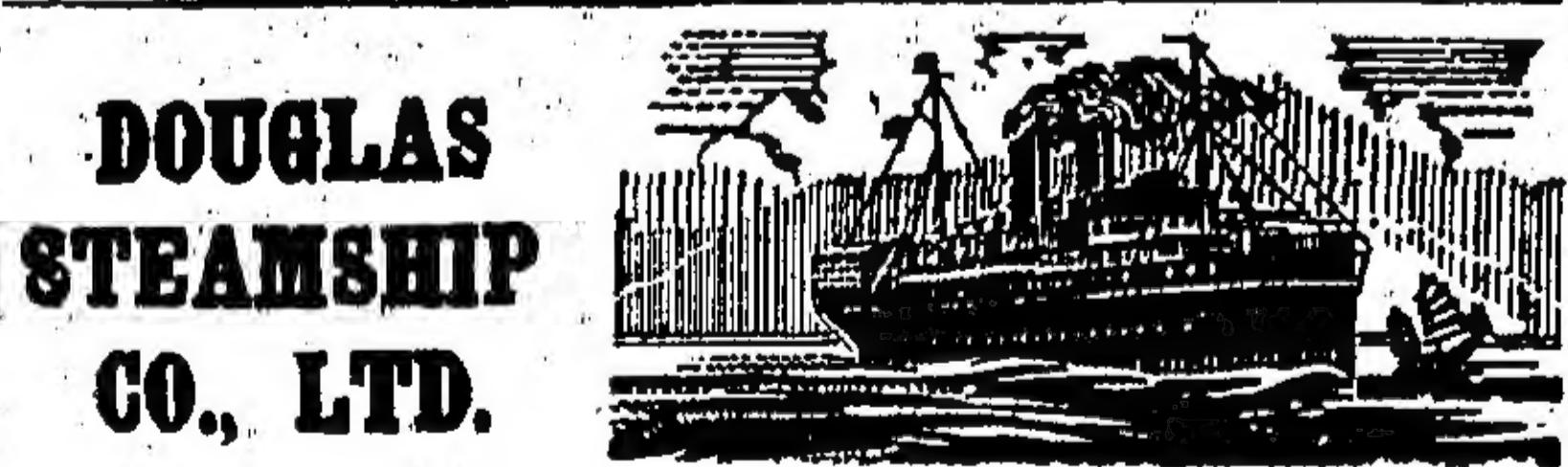
For Freight or Passage apply to:

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE

Agents:

Tel. No. 30332.

1. Connaught Road.

SAILINGS FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW & RETURN  
(Sailings temporarily suspended)KWANGCHOWWAN—HONGKONG SERVICE  
Weekly sailings from Hong Kong

For particulars of Freight &amp; Passage apply to:

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,  
General Managers.

P. &amp; O. Building, 5th Floor. Tel. Nos. 28037 &amp; 28038.

CHOLERA  
INOCULATION  
CERTIFICATES

Description of a valid certificate of inoculation against cholera in respect of passengers arriving in Hongkong from Macao is published in the Government Gazette under the Quarantine (Measures on Arrival) Regulations, 1939, for general information.

Under powers conferred by the Regulations, the Director of Medical services describes a valid certificate of inoculation against cholera in respect of passengers arriving in Hongkong from Macao as one which:

(1) shows that the holder has been inoculated against cholera not less than six days and not more than six months before embarking at Macao for Hongkong;

(2) bears a photograph of the holder attached and chopped with an official seal, and

(3) is signed or countersigned by a Government Medical Officer of Macao or by a Health Officer of the Government of Hongkong.

## NEW SHIPPING SERVICE

A new shipping office is expected to be set up in the Colony for communication between the China coast, particularly between Hongkong and in the South Sea Islands and the Near East.

The new company is organised by a group of Chinese and Russian merchants and at least 12 Russian vessels will be chartered for the purpose.

It is learned that one Russian ship has arrived in the Colony to make a test run.

## SHIP REPAIRING CONTROLLED

An order is published in the Government Gazette that every undertaking for the execution for any repairs whatever to or on board of any ship in this Colony or the territorial waters shall be a controlled undertaking, the word "ship" in the Order having the same meaning as in the Merchants Shipping Ordinance 1889.

The Controller of Water Transport has been appointed to be a competent authority for the purpose of this Regulation and the effect of the order is to make the execution of all ship repairs subject to the direction, if any, given by the competent authority, in this case, the Harbour Master, who is Controller of Water Transport.

## Chinese Engineers To Meet In Kweiyang

The tenth annual meeting of the Institute of Chinese Engineers is scheduled to be held in Kweiyang in October next.

Mr. Hsueh Tzu-hsm, President of the Kweiyang Branch of the Institute, has been requested to be Chairman of the Preparatory Committee for the meeting with Mr. Mc Heng as Vice-Chairman. (Central News).

The following is the Health Bulletin of Eastern Ports for the week ending on May 17:—Cholera: Macao, 19 cases; Small-Pox: Macao, one case; Bangkok, one case; Shanghai, three cases.

## Import Cuts To Save £1,500 Thousand A Year

CANBERRA.—The Commonwealth Government has decided to impose a wide range of additional restrictions on imports from non-sterling countries. Cabinet approved the new cuts recently.

The restrictions are expected to save the Commonwealth about £1,500,000 a year. Similar restrictions, imposed progressively every three months since soon after the outbreak of war, are saving about £14,000,000 a year.

Restrictions are in four groups—total prohibitions, 75 per cent., 50 per cent., and 25 per cent.

Moviel stills, imported for advertising by film distributors, now subject to 50 per cent. restrictions, have been placed in the 75 per cent. group.

Cabinet will soon consider a list of proposed import restrictions from sterling countries, mainly from the United Kingdom. The list is being drawn up by the Commonwealth in consultation with the British Government and British trade officials.

## BRITAIN'S SUGGESTION

Britain has suggested that the Commonwealth restrictions should coincide with a list of British priority exports.

This list is being based on effects of a British Government decision to close about 3,000 factories producing goods classified as non-essential.

The Commonwealth has advised the British Government of a list of goods on which it can economise, and is awaiting a reply.

## GREATEST WAR EFFORT PLEA

Urging the greatest possible war effort, the Minister for Agriculture (Mr. Hogan) told the Constitutional Club in Melbourne that the outcome of the war might depend on present munitions production. He attacked strikers who held up war production or essential services.

There had been instances here of union officials ordering men to cease work, he declared. One union had called its men out on a job and, as part of the settlement, had allegedly demanded £250 from the employers.

A patriotic, courageous, articulate public and press would help to get united and energetic work in the war industries and shipyards, Mr. Hogan added.

It was fashionable to praise Australia's war effort, but he wanted to know: "How many Beaufort aircraft, tanks and ships have been built in Australia?"

It did not satisfy him to know what the country would be doing in 1942. This knowledge would not help the men who had volunteered.

## CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Frequent and Regular Sailings for

SWATOW, AMOY, SHANGHAI, TIENTHUAWEI, CHENGDU and TIENTHIN.

KWANGCHOWWAN and HOMHOW

HAIPHONG

CANTON (Weekly sailing)

TOURANE, SAIGON and BANGKOK

SINGAPORE PORT SWETTENHAM and PENANG

SAIGON, MIKI, SANDAKAN, MADANG, SALAMAU, BABAU, TULAGI, GIZO and LORENGAU.

For further particulars regarding loading dates etc. please apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

TELEPHONE NO. 30331.

## BANK LINE(CHINA)LTD

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

Regular sailings for UNITED KINGDOM

NEXT SAILING 1ST WEEK IN MAY, 1941.

AGENTS FOR

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

For Mauritius, Réunion, Tamatave, Lourenço Marques, Durban and Cape Ports

AS OPPORTUNITY OFFERS

AMERICAN-ORIENTAL LINE

Regular sailings for Boston, New York, Philadelphia & Baltimore

AS OPPORTUNITY OFFERS

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone 27791 THE BANK LINE (CHINA), LTD.

P. & O.  
Passenger & Cargo Services

to  
Straits, Ceylon, India, East & South Africa,  
and  
United Kingdom:

B. I.  
Passenger & Cargo Services  
to  
Straits, Burma & India.

E. & A.  
Passenger & Cargo Services  
to  
Philippines, Australian Ports,  
and  
New Zealand with transhipment.

For further particulars apply to  
**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**  
Phone 27721.

## BARBER - WILHELMSEN LINE

SERVICE TO

BOSTON AND NEW YORK  
VIA LOS ANGELES & PANAMA CANAL PORTS.

by NEW FAST VESSELS

NEXT SAILING END MAY/BEGINNING JUNE

Following sailing Fourth week June

Taking cargo on Through Bills of Lading for West Indies,  
South American ports and West Africa.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hong Kong, Bank Building. Telephone 28021.

Get the world's good news through  
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper

Published by

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

One, Norway Street, Boston, Massachusetts

Regular reading of THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR is considered by many a liberal education. Its clean, unbiased news and well-rounded editorial features, including the Weekly Magazine Section, make the Monitor the ideal newspaper for the home. The prices are: (U. S. Money)

1 year \$12.00 6 months \$6.00 3 months \$3.00 1 month \$1.00 Saturday issue, including Magazine Section: 1 year \$6.00, 6 issues 25c and the paper is obtainable at the following location:

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE READING ROOM

First Church of Christ, Scientist,

31a, Macdonnell Road,

Hong Kong.



## LOWEST COST!

We have helped hundreds of local business men to increased profits with our job printing. Perhaps you have a job we could do for you right now.

Phone for Our Representative

to Visit You — Tel. 33225

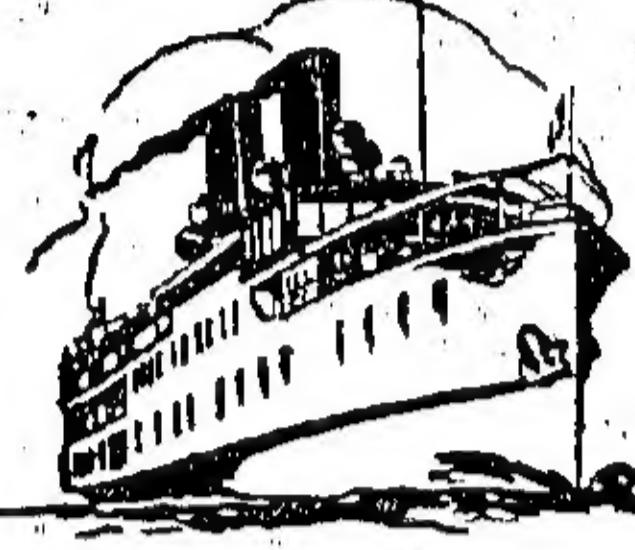
## QUALITY JOB PRINTING

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS

MONDAY, MAY 26, 1941.

**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS**  
JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO LTD & THE  
CHINA NAVIGATION CO LTDTRAVEL  
THE  
SHORT  
SAFE  
SEA  
WAYby the  
**British Line****CANTON LINE****WEEKLY SAILING****MACAO LINE****DAILY SERVICE**

(including Sunday)

Note:—All vessels equipped with Wireless.  
QUEEN'S BUILDING, CONNAUGHT ROAD  
Telephone 20101 APP**THE CHINA-SIAM LINE****HONG KONG—BANGKOK**s.s. "HELLAS" leaving Hong Kong  
s.s. "HIRAM" leaving Hong Kong  
s.s. "HELIOS" leaving Hong Kong

Accepting Passengers &amp; Cargo for the above mentioned ports.

**HONG KONG—SINGAPORE—PENANG—RANGOON**Regular Express Service  
m.s. "HAI HING" leaving Hong Kong  
m.s. "HAI LEE" leaving Hong Kong

Accepting cargo for all the above mentioned ports.

Excellent passenger accommodation available.

For freight, passage rates and all other information—Apply to:

**THORESEN & CO., LTD.**

Tel. 20237. General Agents Queen's Building.

**What do you want?**If there is anything you want to buy or sell,  
try a small Classified advertisement in the  
Hongkong Daily Press.

25 words \$1.50 prepaid for 3 insertions.

**THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE**  
REGULAR AND FAST  
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES

**TO UNITED KINGDOM PORTS:**For dates and ports of call apply to  
Agents.Information regarding **INWARD CARGO**  
and all matters relating to freight and  
passage will gladly be given by**Butterfield & Swire,**

Agents

Tel. No. 30332. 1. Connaught Road.

**H.K. VOLUNTEER ORDERS**

(CONTINUED FROM SATURDAY)

Recruits' Medical Examination  
Fri., May 26. H.Q. 5.30 p.m. Orderly  
Medical Officer — Lieut. G. T.  
Balzan.

## Qualification—Musketry

The undermentioned have classified  
as Musketeers (Rifle) during the Won-  
derful Year 1941-42 and are entitled  
to wear the prescribed badge.No other members of the Corps is  
entitled to wear the badge. O.S.C.  
Units will ensure that this order is  
strictly complied with. Field Co-  
Engineers:—L/Cpl. T. A. Warner,  
Spr. Y. L. Fung, Spr. E. J. Wood.Corps Signals:—L/Cpl. B. K. Yip,  
L/Cpl. N. J. Becker, L/Cpl. W. Eu,  
Sign. C. Sloan, Sign. S. B. Tsui.Mobile Column:—Pte. B. Sheehan,  
Pte. J. A. Fox, No. 1 Company:—  
C.Q.M.S. J. T. Lacey, Sgt. B.S. Carter,  
L/Cpl. P. Wynter-Blyth, Pte. E. C.Drown, Pte. A. L. G. Eastman, Pte.  
G. Trevorton, Pte. C. F. J. Simpson,  
Pte. C. G. M. Morrison, Pte. J. M.  
Houghton, No. 2 Company:—Sgt. C.R. Logan, Sgt. J. D. Mackenzie, Sgt.  
T. F. Stanton, P/Major W. C. K.Mackie, L/Cpl. H. O. Gillies, L/Cpl.  
R. L. Barkus, L/Cpl. G. A. Leiper,  
Pte. D. Coull, Pte. W. C. Tilley, Pte.C. R. Maberly, Pte. J. Lowrie, Pte. W.  
K. Mackie, Pte. C. S. M. Thom, Pte.  
J. M. Thomson, No. 3 Company:—  
C.Q.M.S. R. E. Stott, Sat. L. O. Davis,L/Sgt. H. S. Lo, L/Cpl. Y. O. Kwok,  
L/Cpl. K. I. Tse, Cpl. K. O. Yeung,  
Pte. K. F. Wong, Pte. Y. C. Chow,  
Pte. S. I. Wong, Pte. Y. S. Fung, No.5 Company:—L/Sgt. J. D. Remedios,  
Cpl. E. Soares, L/Cpl. C. M. Azedo,  
Pte. J. C. Fonseca, Pte. H. R. Pinha,  
Pte. L. A. Rosario, Pte. V. A. Sequeira,  
Pte. R. Castro, No. 6 Company:—  
Sgt. J. C. Remedios, Cpl. H. de Sa,  
Cpl. J. M. Xavier, L/Cpl. R. M. B.Gutiérrez, L/Cpl. P. Baleros, Pte.  
E. A. Remedios, Pte. A. D. Reis, Pte.  
M. L. da Roza, Pte. A. d'Acino, Pte.  
E. A. V. Remedios, Pte. G. A. Ribeiro,  
Pte. A. J. M. Frata, Pte. F. G. Ribeiro,  
Pte. A. P. Pereira, Pte. J. A. LuzA.S.C. Company:—C.Q.M.S. G. H. Cut-  
till, Cpl. H. W. Bonner, Cpl. E. Tuck,  
L/Cpl. H. V. Pearce, Pte. A. C. J.  
Johnstone, Pte. V. V. MacDonnell,  
Pte. J. C. Davis, Pte. A. L. Cole.

## Parade

No. 5 Company.—Mon., May 26.  
Kowloon Railway Station, 2.15 p.m.  
Dress—Boots, trousers, shirt, helmet,  
webbing equipment and mess tin.Fri., May 30. H.Q. 5.30 p.m. 2 periods,  
M.G. Secs. 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th  
postponed—blindfolded.No. 6 Company.—Tues., May 27.  
H.Q. 5.30 p.m. T.O.E.T. Fri., May 30.  
H.Q. 2.15 p.m. Dress—Boots, trousers,  
shirt, helmet, webbing equipment and  
mess tin.No. 7 Company.—Mon., May 26.  
H.Q. 5.45 p.m. No. 25 Pin. LG.  
Instruction. Probable stoppages. No.25 Pin. Lyon Light Instruction. Fri.,  
May 30. H.Q. 2 p.m. Company training  
at "A" Aguilar. Dress—Fighting  
Order, helmet.Army Service Corps—Company—  
Sun., May 25. Jordan Road Vehicle  
Ferry, Kowloon, 8.45 a.m. Transport  
and Supplies Secs. All day map reading  
exercise. Compulsory attendance.Sec. Leaders and Umpires 8.30 a.m.  
Dress—shorts, shirts, boots, puttees,  
belt, and helmet (steel). Respirators  
must be carried. Duty Officer—Capt.  
A. H. Potts. Mon., May 26 to Sat.,  
May 31. Daily duties as ordered. Duty  
Officers as arranged. Dress as usual  
with helmets. Thurs., May 29. H.K.  
Hotel Garage, 5.30 p.m. Buses leave  
Queen's Pier, 5.20 p.m. Mechanics  
(Revision before tests on Tues., June  
3). Dress—Overalls and S.D. caps.Field Ambulance—Wed., May 28.  
H.Q. 2.15 p.m. Dress—Helmet, shirt,  
trousers, boots, webbing equipment,  
haversack and haversack and water  
bottle filled.First Section—Thurs., May 29. Com-  
mand H.Q. Sub-Section I Dress—  
Uniform. Fri., May 30. Command  
H.Q. Sub-Section II Dress—Uniform.Fortress Signal Company—Wed.,  
May 28. Exchange Building, 2.30 p.m.  
Manning training as detailed.Hongkong Engineering Corps—  
Mon., May 28. Kowloon Dock Club,  
5.45 p.m. Officers and N.C.O.'s 4th  
Lecture on bomb disposal.

## Maps

All maps issued will be returned to  
the R.S.M. forthwith.

## Promotion

Pte. A. B. Clemo, A.S.C. Coy. to be  
Cpl. 22.5.41.

## Transfers

Pte. A. G. Xavier, No. 5 Coy. to  
No. 6 Coy., 9.541; Pte. C. MacKintosh,  
No. 5 Coy. to A.S.C. Coy., 15.541; Pte.L. C. Silva, No. 5 Coy. to No. 6 Coy.,  
16.541; Pte. J. W. McDonald, Train-  
ing Cadre to No. 1 Coy., 19.541;L/Cpl. R. B. Mace, No. 1 Coy. to  
Coy. H.Q., 19.541; Gnr. L. S. So, 3rd  
Battery to Corps H.Q. Res., 23.541;Gnr. W. Lee, 4th Battery to Corps  
H.Q. Res., 23.541; Gnr. R. S. W. Yiu,  
4th Coy. to Corps H.Q. Res., 23.541.

## Leave

Lt.-Col. T. A. Martin, Corps Art.,  
14.541-14.741; Gnr. M. J. Hardins, 1st**AMERICA MUST RESORT  
TO STRATEGY OF  
TACKLING JAPAN FIRST**

CHUNGKING, May 25 (Reuter)—The UNITED STATES must resort to the strategy of tackling JAPAN first in order to give effective assistance to Britain and ensure final victory against the Totalitarians declares the TAKUNGPAO.

"So long as the Pacific situation is unsettled, the United States cannot give fullest naval and air support to Britain in the Atlantic," the paper says.

"Also, if the United States should be involved in the war in Europe, she would always face the danger of a Japanese attack in the Pacific, thereby giving Japan the initiative."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating." Under the first, American observers argue that since Germany is stronger, the United States must give whole attention to Germany.

"This is wrong because Japan must be the United States' chief menace in the Pacific since it must require three to five years before Germany could build up a sufficient naval strength to threaten the Americas."

"American judgment regarding Japan generally falls into two categories, underestimating Japan or overestimating."